

2026

 elderplan®

*Leading the way to great care.™*



# Evidence of Coverage

**Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS)**

*January 1, 2026 to December 31, 2026*

**January 1 – December 31, 2026**

## **Evidence of Coverage for 2026:**

### **Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Drug Coverage as a Member of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS)**

This document gives the details of your Medicare health and drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2026. **This is an important legal document. Keep it in a safe place.**

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand:

- Our plan premium and cost sharing
- Our medical and drug benefits
- How to file a complaint if you're not satisfied with a service or treatment
- How to contact us
- Other protections required by Medicare law

**For questions about this document, call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). Hours are 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week. This call is free.**

This plan, Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), is offered by Elderplan Inc. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means Elderplan Inc. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS).)

This document is available for free in Spanish and Chinese.

This information is available in different formats, including braille or other alternate formats. Please call Member Services at the number listed above if you need plan information in another format or language.

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2027.

Our formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You'll get notice about any changes that may affect you at least 30 days in advance.

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## **CHAPTER 1: Get started as a member**

### **SECTION 1 You're a member of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS)**

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#### **Section 1.1 You're enrolled in Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), which is a Medicare HMO Point-of-Service plan**

You're covered by Medicare, and you chose to get your Medicare health and your drug coverage through our plan, Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS). Our plan covers all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan are different from Original Medicare.

Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) with a Point-of-Service (POS) option approved by Medicare and run by a private company. Point-of-Service means you can use providers outside our plan's network for an additional cost. (Go to Chapter 3, Section 2.4 for information about using the Point-of-Service option.)

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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### Section 1.2 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs* (formulary), and any notices you get from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for the months you're enrolled in Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) between January 1, 2026, and December 31, 2026.

Medicare allows us to make changes to our plans we offer each calendar year. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) after December 31, 2026. We can also choose to stop offering our plan in your service area, after December 31, 2026.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue offering our plan and Medicare renews approval of our plan.

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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### **SECTION 2 Plan eligibility requirements**

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#### **Section 2.1 Eligibility requirements**

You're eligible for membership in our plan as long as you meet all these conditions:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B.
- You live in our geographic service area (described in Section 2.2). People who are incarcerated aren't considered to be living in the geographic service area, even if they're physically located in it.
- You're a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.

#### **Section 2.2 Plan service area for Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS)**

Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) is only available to people who live in our plan service area. To stay a member of our plan, you must continue to live in our service area. The service area is below.

Our service area includes these counties in New York State: Bronx, Kings, Nassau, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Westchester counties.

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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If you move out of our plan's service area, you can't stay a member of this plan. Call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you'll have a Special Enrollment Period to either switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan in your new location.

If you move or change your mailing address, it's also important to call Social Security. Call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY users call 1-800-325-0778).

### **Section 2.3 U.S. citizen or lawful presence**

You must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States to be a member of a Medicare health plan. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) if you're not eligible to stay a member of our plan on this basis. Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) must disenroll you if you don't meet this requirement.

## **SECTION 3 Important membership materials**

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### **Section 3.1 Our plan membership card**

Use your membership card whenever you get services covered by our plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if you have one. Sample plan membership card:

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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DON'T use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you're a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare-approved clinical research studies (also called clinical trials).

If our plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) right away and we'll send you a new card.

### Section 3.2 Provider and Pharmacy Directory

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org) lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization, you'll have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network isn't available (that is, situations when it's unreasonable or not possible to get services in network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases when your Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

Your plan also offers a Point-of-Service (POS) option. The POS option is an additional benefit that covers certain services and benefits from any Medicare-certified provider who has not opted out of Medicare. For more information, please refer to Chapter 3 (Using the plan's coverage for your medical services) for more specific information. Details of covered services and benefits can be found in Chapter 4, Medical Benefits Chart. The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org).

If you don't have a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, you can ask for a copy (electronically or in paper form) from Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). Requested paper *Provider and Pharmacy Directories* will be mailed to you within 3 business days.

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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### Section 3.3 Drug List (formulary)

Our plan has a *List of Covered Drugs* (also called the Drug List or formulary). It tells which prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS). The drugs on this list are selected by our plan, with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The Drug List must meet Medicare's requirements. Drugs with negotiated prices under the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program will be included on your Drug List unless they have been removed and replaced as described in Chapter 5, Section 6. Medicare approved the Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) Drug List.

The Drug List also tells if there are any rules that restrict coverage for a drug.

We'll give you a copy of the Drug List. The Drug List includes information for the covered drugs most commonly used by our members. However, we also cover additional drugs that aren't included in the Drug List. If one of your drugs isn't listed in the Drug List, visit our website or call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to find out if we cover it. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, visit [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org) or call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

**Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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**SECTION 4 Summary of Important Costs for 2026**

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	<b>Your Costs in 2026</b>
<b>Monthly plan premium*</b> *Your premium can be higher or lower than this amount. Go to Section 4.1	\$58.80 for your Part D Premium
<b>Part B Deductible</b>	There is no Part B Deductible.
<b>Maximum out-of-pocket amount</b> This is the <u>most</u> you'll pay out of pocket for your in-network and out-of-network combined covered Part A and Part B services. (Go to Chapter 4 Section 1 for details.)	<b>In-Network and Out-of-Network combined</b> \$7,550
<b>Primary care office visits</b>	<b>In-Network</b> You pay \$0 copayment per visit

**Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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**Your Costs in 2026**

**Specialist office visits**

**In-Network and Out-of-Network**

You pay \$35 copayment per visit

You pay \$0 copayment per office visit for Endocrinologist visits.

**Inpatient hospital stays**

**In-Network:**

The amounts for each benefit period are:

Days 1-5: \$425 copayment each day. Days 6 and beyond: \$0 copayment each day.

Authorization Required.

**Part D drug coverage deductible**

(Go to Chapter 6 Section 4 for details.)

The Part D Deductible is \$375 for Tier 4: Non-Preferred Brand Drugs and Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs, except for covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines.

**Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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**Your Costs in 2026**

**Part D drug coverage**

(Go to Chapter 6 for details, including Yearly Deductible, Initial Coverage, and Catastrophic Coverage Stages.)

**During the Initial Coverage Stage:**

**Standard Retail Cost Sharing (In-Network) \*  $\Omega$**

Your cost for a one-month supply filled at a network pharmacy with standard cost sharing during the Initial Coverage Stage:

**Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs** – You Pay \$0 copayment.

**Tier 2: Generic Drugs** – You Pay \$10 copayment.

**Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs** – You Pay \$47 copayment.

**Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drugs** – You Pay \$100 copayment.

**Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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**Your Costs in 2026**

**Part D drug coverage  
(continued)**

**Tier 5: Specialty Tier  
Drugs – You Pay 28%  
coinsurance.**

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Your cost for an extended supply (up to 90-days)†Ω filled at a network pharmacy with standard cost-sharing during the Initial Coverage Stage:

**Tier 1: Preferred Generic  
Drugs –**

Retail – You Pay \$0 copayment.

Mail Order – You Pay \$0 copayment.

**Tier 2: Generic Drugs –**  
Retail – You Pay \$30 copayment.

Mail Order – You Pay \$20 copayment.

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**Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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**Your Costs in 2026**

**Part D drug coverage  
(continued)**

**Tier 3: Preferred Brand  
Drugs –**

Retail – You Pay \$141  
copayment.

Mail Order – You Pay \$94  
copayment.

**Tier 4: Non-Preferred  
Drugs –**

Retail – You Pay \$300  
copayment.

Mail Order – You Pay  
\$200 copayment.

**Tier 5: Specialty Tier  
Drugs –**

Retail – You Pay 28%  
coinsurance.

Mail Order – You Pay 28%  
coinsurance.

\*60-Days supply is also  
available for Standard  
Retail.

**Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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**Your Costs in 2026**

**Part D drug coverage  
(continued)**

†NDS – Non-Extended Days Supply. Certain Specialty drugs will be limited up to a 30-day supply per fill.

Ω – You will not pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each insulin product covered by our plan, no matter the cost-sharing for Part B and D drugs, even if you have not paid your deductible.

**Catastrophic Coverage Stage:**

During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs.

If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Part D Late Enrollment Penalty (Section 4.3)
- Income Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (Section 4.4)
- Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount (Section 4.5)

### Section 4.1 Plan premium

As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly plan premium. For 2026, the monthly plan premium for Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) is \$58.80.

If you *already* get help from one of these programs, **the information about premiums in this *Evidence of Coverage* may not apply to you** We *OR* sent you a separate document, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the *Low-Income Subsidy Rider* or the *LIS Rider*), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) and ask for the *LIS Rider*.

**In some situations, our plan premium could be less**

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. These include Extra Help and State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs. Learn more about these programs in Chapter 2, Section 7. If you qualify, enrolling in one of these programs might lower your monthly plan premium.

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums, check your copy of *Medicare & You 2026* handbook, the section called *2026 Medicare Costs*. Download a copy from the Medicare website ([www.Medicare.gov/medicare-and-you](http://www.Medicare.gov/medicare-and-you)) or order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

### **Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium**

#### **Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums**

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, **you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to stay a member of our plan.** This includes your premium for Part B. You may also pay a premium for Part A if you aren't eligible for premium-free Part A.

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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### Section 4.3 Part D Late Enrollment Penalty

Some members are required to pay a Part D **late enrollment penalty**. The Part D late enrollment penalty is an additional premium that must be paid for Part D coverage if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there was a period of 63 days or more in a row when you didn't have Part D or other creditable drug coverage. Creditable drug coverage is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable drug coverage. You'll have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

The Part D late enrollment penalty is added to your monthly or quarterly premium. When you first enroll in Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), we let you know the amount of the penalty. You **don't** have to pay the Part D late enrollment penalty if:

- You get Extra Help from Medicare to help pay your drug costs.
- You went less than 63 days in a row without creditable coverage.

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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- You had creditable drug coverage through another source (like a former employer, union, TRICARE, or Veterans Health Administration (VA)). Your insurer or human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. You may get this information in a letter or in a newsletter from that plan. Keep this information because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.
  - **Note:** Any letter or notice must state that you had creditable prescription drug coverage that's expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard drug plan pays.
  - **Note:** Prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites aren't credible prescription drug coverage.

### **Medicare determines the amount of the Part D late enrollment penalty.** Here's how it works:

- If you went 63 days or more without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage after you were first eligible to enroll in Part D, our plan will count the number of full months you didn't have coverage. The penalty is 1% for every month you didn't have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty percentage will be 14%.

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly plan premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year (national base beneficiary premium). For 2025, this average premium amount was \$36.78. This amount may change for 2026.
- To calculate your monthly penalty, multiply the penalty percentage by the national base beneficiary premium and round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here, it would be 14% times \$36.78, which equals \$5.15. This rounds to \$5.20. This amount would be added **to the monthly plan premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.**

Three important things to know about the monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:

- **The penalty may change each year** because the national base beneficiary premium can change each year.
- **You'll continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.
- If you're *under* 65 and enrolled in Medicare, the Part D late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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**If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review.** Generally, you must ask for this review **within 60 days** from the date on the first letter you get stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. However, if you were paying a penalty before you joined our plan, you may not have another chance to ask for a review of that late enrollment penalty.

### **Section 4.4 Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount**

Some members may be required to pay an extra charge, known as the Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA). The extra charge is calculated using your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago. If this amount is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and the additional IRMAA. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit [www.Medicare.gov/health-drug-plans/part-d/basics/costs](http://www.Medicare.gov/health-drug-plans/part-d/basics/costs).

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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If you have to pay an extra IRMAA, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay our plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you'll get a bill from Medicare. **You must pay the extra IRMAA to the government. It can't be paid with your monthly plan premium. If you don't pay the extra IRMAA, you'll be disenrolled from our plan and lose prescription drug coverage.**

If you disagree about paying an extra IRMAA, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out how to do this, call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY users call 1-800-325-0778).

### **Section 4.5 Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount**

If you're participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan, each month you'll pay our plan premium (if you have one) and you'll get a bill from your health or drug plan for your prescription drugs (instead of paying the pharmacy). Your monthly bill is based on what you owe for any prescriptions you get, plus your previous month's balance, divided by the number of months left in the year.

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. If you disagree with the amount billed as part of this payment option, you can follow the steps in Chapter 9 to make a complaint or appeal.

### **SECTION 5 More information about your monthly plan premium**

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#### **Section 5.1 How to pay our plan premium**

There are 3 ways you can pay our plan premium.

##### **Option 1: Pay by check**

Each month Elderplan will send you a bill for your monthly plan premium. Please return the copy of the bill and a check or money order made payable to Elderplan (not to CMS) in the postage paid envelope provided by the 25th of the current month of receiving the bill. If you misplace the postage paid envelope, you may request another from Member Services, or you can mail your payment to us at:

ELDERPLAN, INC.  
PREMIUM PAYMENT UNIT  
P.O. BOX 71401  
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19176

**Please do not send cash. We can only accept checks or money orders.**

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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### **Option 2: You can pay the plan premium by credit card or electronic funds transfer (EFT) each month.**

You can have the plan premium taken out of your bank account each month, or it can be charged to your credit card. Contact Member Services for more information on how to pay your monthly plan premium this way. We will be happy to help you set this up. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document.)

### **Option 3: Have plan premiums deducted from your monthly Social Security check**

You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact Member Services for more information on how to pay your plan premium this way. We will be happy to help you set this up. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document.)

**Changing the way you pay your plan premium.** If you decide to change how you pay your plan premium, it can take up to 3 months for your new payment method to take effect. While we process your new payment method, you're still responsible for making sure your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, please contact Member Services at 1-800-353-3765.

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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### **If you have trouble paying your plan premium**

Your plan premium is due in our office by the 25<sup>th</sup>. If we don't get your payment by the 25<sup>th</sup>, we'll continue to send you invoices updating you on your current balance. If you owe a Part D late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your drug coverage.

If you have trouble paying your premium on time, call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

### **Section 5.2 Our monthly plan premium won't change during the year**

We're not allowed to change our plan's monthly plan premium amount during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we'll tell you in September and the new premium will take effect on January 1.

If you become eligible for Extra Help or lose your eligibility for Extra Help during the year, the part of our plan premium you have to pay may change. If you qualify for Extra Help with your drug coverage costs, Extra Help pays part of your monthly plan premium. If you lose your eligibility for Extra Help during the year, you'll need to start paying the full monthly plan premium. Find out more about Extra Help in Chapter 2, Section 7.

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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### **SECTION 6 Keep our plan membership record up to date**

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Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and phone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in our plan's network **use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and your cost-sharing amounts**. Because of this, it's very important you help to keep your information up to date.

#### **If you have any of these changes, let us know:**

- Changes to your name, address, or phone number
- Changes in any other health coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- Any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you're admitted to a nursing home
- If you get care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes

## Chapter 1 Get started as a member

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- If you participate in a clinical research study (**Note:** You're not required to tell our plan about clinical research studies you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any of this information changes, let us know by calling Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

It's also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. Call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY users call 1-800-325-0778).

### **SECTION 7    How other insurance works with our plan**

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Medicare requires us to collect information about any other medical or drug coverage you have so we can coordinate any other coverage with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once a year, we'll send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug coverage we know about. Read over this information carefully. If it's correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information isn't correct, or if you have other coverage that's not listed, call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). You may need to give our plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you confirm their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), Medicare rules decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first (“the primary payer”) pays up to the limits of its coverage. The insurance that pays second (“secondary payer”) only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member’s current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
  - If you’re under 65 and disabled and you (or your family member) are still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan has more than 100 employees.
  - If you’re over 65 and you (or your spouse or domestic partner) are still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan has more than 20 employees.

## **Chapter 1 Get started as a member**

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- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**CHAPTER 2:  
Phone numbers and resources**

**SECTION 1 Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS)  
contacts**

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For help with claims, billing, or member card questions, call or write to Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). We'll be happy to help you.

**Member Services – Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	1-800-353-3765 Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week. Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) also has free language interpreter services for non-English speakers.
<b>TTY</b>	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.
<b>Fax</b>	718-759-3643

## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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### Member Services – Contact Information

<b>Write</b>	ELDERPLAN, INC. ATTN: MEMBER SERVICES 55 WATER STREET, 46th FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10041
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.elderplan.org">www.elderplan.org</a>

### How to ask for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we'll pay for your medical services or Part D drugs. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision. For more information on how to ask for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care or Part D drugs, go to Chapter 9.

### Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information

<b>Call</b>	1-800-353-3765  Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.  Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**Coverage Decisions for Medical Care –  
Contact Information**

<b>Fax</b>	718-759-3643
<b>Write</b>	ELDERPLAN, INC. ATTN: MEMBER SERVICES 55 WATER STREET, 46th FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10041
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.elderplan.org">www.elderplan.org</a>

**Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	1-800-353-3765  Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.  Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week
<b>Fax</b>	718-765-2027
<b>Write</b>	ELDERPLAN, INC. ATTN: APPEALS & GRIEVANCES 55 WATER STREET, 46TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10041
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.elderplan.org">www.elderplan.org</a>

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**Coverage Decisions for Part D prescription drugs –  
Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	1-866-490-2102  Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.  Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>Fax</b>	1-855-633-7673
<b>Write</b>	CVS CAREMARK COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS P.O. BOX 52000, MC109 PHOENIX, AZ 85072-2000
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.caremark.com">www.caremark.com</a>

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**Appeals for Part D prescription drugs –  
Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	1-866-490-2102  Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.  Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>Fax</b>	1-855-633-7673
<b>Write</b>	CVS CAREMARK STANDARD/EXPEDITED APPEALS P.O. BOX 52000, MC109 PHOENIX, AZ 85072-2000
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.caremark.com">www.caremark.com</a>

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**How to make a complaint about your medical care**

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint doesn't involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on how to make a complaint about your medical care, go to Chapter 9.

**Complaints about Medical Care and Part D  
Prescription Drugs – Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	1-800-353-3765 Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.
<b>Fax</b>	718-765-2027
<b>Write</b>	ELDERPLAN, INC. ATTN: APPEALS & GRIEVANCES 55 WATER STREET, 46TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10041
<b>Medicare website</b>	To submit a complaint about Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) directly to Medicare, go to <a href="http://www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint">www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint</a> .

## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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### How to ask us to pay our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you got

If you got a bill or paid for services (like a provider bill) you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. Go to Chapter 7 for more information.

If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Go to Chapter 9 for more information.

### Payment Requests – (Medical Claims) Contact Information

<b>Call</b>	1-800-353-3765 Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.
<b>Fax</b>	718-759-3643
<b>Write</b>	ELDERPLAN, INC. CLAIMS DEPARTMENT P.O. BOX 73111 NEWNAN, GA 30271
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.elderplan.org">www.elderplan.org</a>

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**Payment Requests (Prescription Drug Claims) –  
Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	1-866-490-2102  Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	711  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.  Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>Fax</b>	1-855-633-7673
<b>Write</b>	CVS CAREMARK MEDICARE PART D CLAIMS PROCESSING PO BOX 52066 PHOENIX, AZ 85072-2066
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.caremark.com">www.caremark.com</a>

## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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### SECTION 2 Get help from Medicare

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Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including our plan.

#### Medicare – Contact Information

<b>Call</b>	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
<b>Chat Live</b>	Chat live at <a href="http://www.Medicare.gov/talk-to-someone">www.Medicare.gov/talk-to-someone</a>
<b>Write</b>	Write to Medicare at PO Box 1270, Lawrence, KS 66044

## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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### Medicare – Contact Information

#### Website

[www.Medicare.gov](http://www.Medicare.gov)

- Get information about the Medicare health and drug plans in your area, including what they cost and what services they provide.
- Find Medicare-participating doctors or other health care providers and suppliers.
- Find out what Medicare covers, including preventive services (like screenings, shots or vaccines, and yearly “Wellness” visits).
- Get Medicare appeals information and forms.
- Get information about the quality of care provided by plans, nursing homes, hospitals, doctors, home health agencies, dialysis facilities, hospice centers, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and long-term care hospitals.
- Look up helpful websites and phone numbers.

You can also visit [www.Medicare.gov](http://www.Medicare.gov) to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS).

**To submit a complaint to Medicare,** go to [www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint](http://www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint).

Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

## **Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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### **SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**

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The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state that offers free help, information, and answers to your Medicare questions. In New York, the SHIP is called The Office for the Aging Health Insurance Information, Counseling and Assistance Program (HIICAP).

HIICAP is an independent state program (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) that gets money from the federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

HIICAP counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. HIICAP counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems, help you understand your Medicare plan choices, and answer questions about switching plans.

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**The Office for the Aging’s Health Insurance Information, Counseling and Assistance Program (HIICAP): (New York’s SHIP) – Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	1-212-602-4180 Inside the boroughs 1-800-701-0501 Outside the boroughs  Nassau County: (516) 227-8900 Available 8 am to 4 pm, Monday through Friday  Putnam County: (845) 808-1700 Available 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday  Westchester County: (914) 813-6400 Available 8:30 am to 5 pm, Monday through Friday
<b>TTY</b>	711 or (212) 504-4115  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.

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**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**The Office for the Aging's Health Insurance Information, Counseling and Assistance Program (HIICAP): (New York's SHIP) – Contact Information**

**Write**

NEW YORK CITY  
HIICAP  
2 LAFAYETTE STREET, 9TH FLOOR  
NEW YORK, NY 10007

NASSAU COUNTY  
OFFICE OF THE AGING  
60 CHARLES LINDBERGH BLVD  
UNIONDALE, NY 11553-3691

PUTNAM COUNTY  
PUTNAM COUNTY OFFICE FOR SENIOR  
RESOURCES  
110 OLD ROUTE 6, BUILDING #1  
CARMEL, NEW YORK 10512

WESTCHESTER COUNTY  
DEPARTMENT OF SENIOR  
PROGRAMS & SERVICE  
9 SOUTH FIRST AVENUE, 10TH FLOOR  
MT. VERNON, NY 10550

**Website**

<https://aging.ny.gov/health-insurance-information-counseling-and-assistance-programs>

## **Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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### **SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)**

A designated Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) serves people with Medicare in each state. For New York, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta.

Livanta has a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta is an independent organization. It's not connected with our plan.

Contact Livanta in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you got. Examples of quality-of-care concerns include getting the wrong medication, unnecessary tests or procedures, or a misdiagnosis.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services is ending too soon.

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**Livanta: (New York’s Quality Improvement Organization) – Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	1-866-815-5440
<b>TTY</b>	1-866-868-2289  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.
<b>Write</b>	LIVANTA BFCC-QIO PROGRAM 10820 GUILFORD ROAD, SUITE 202 ANNAPOLIS JUNCTION, MD 20701
<b>Website</b>	<a href="https://livantaqio.com/">https://livantaqio.com/</a>

**SECTION 5 Social Security**

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Social Security determines Medicare eligibility and handles Medicare enrollment. Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, contact Social Security to let them know.

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**Security– Contact Information**

**Call** 1-800-772-1213  
Calls to this number are free.  
Available 8 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday.  
Use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.

**TTY** 1-800-325-0778  
This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  
Calls to this number are free.  
Available 8 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday.

**Website** [www.SSA.gov](http://www.SSA.gov)

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## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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### **SECTION 6 Medicaid**

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Medicaid is a joint federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. Medicaid offers programs to help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and Medicare Savings Programs, contact the New York State Department of Health (Social Services).

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**New York State Department of Health (Social Services): (New York's Medicaid program) – Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	HRA Medicaid Helpline: 1-888-692-6116  New York City: 718-557-1399 Available 9 am to 5 pm, Monday through Friday  Nassau County: 516-227-8000 Available 8 am to 4 pm, Monday through Friday  Putnam County (845) 808-1500 Monday through Friday 9 AM to 5 PM  Westchester County: 914-995-3333 Available 8:30 am to 5 pm, Monday through Friday
<b>TTY</b>	711  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**New York State Department of Health (Social Services): (New York's Medicaid program) – Contact Information**

**Write**

NEW YORK CITY HUMAN  
RESOURCE ADMINISTRATION  
785 ATLANTIC AVENUE, 1ST FLOOR  
BROOKLYN, NY 11238

NASSAU COUNTY DSS  
60 CHARLES LINDBERGH BOULEVARD  
UNIONDALE, NY 11553

PUTNAM COUNTY DSS  
110 OLD ROUTE SIX,  
CARMEL, NEW YORK 10512-2110

WESTCHESTER COUNTY DSS  
85 COURT STREET  
WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601

**Website**

[https://www.health.ny.gov/health\\_care/medicaid/ldss.htm](https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/ldss.htm)

## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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### SECTION 7 Programs to help people pay for prescription drugs

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The Medicare website

([www.Medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs](http://www.Medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs)) has information on ways to lower your prescription drug costs. The programs below can help people with limited incomes.

#### Extra Help from Medicare

Medicare and Social Security have a program called Extra Help that can help pay drug costs for people with limited income and resources. If you qualify, you get help paying for your Medicare drug plan's monthly plan premium, yearly deductible, and copayments. Extra Help also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

If you automatically qualify for Extra Help, Medicare will mail you a purple letter to let you know. If you don't automatically qualify, you can apply anytime. To see if you qualify for getting Extra Help:

- Visit <https://secure.ssa.gov/i1020/start> to apply online
- Call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213. TTY users call 1-800-325-0778.

## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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When you apply for Extra Help, you can also start the application process for a Medicare Savings Program (MSP). These state programs provide help with other Medicare costs. Social Security will send information to your state to initiate an MSP application, unless you tell them not to on the Extra Help application.

If you qualify for Extra Help and you think that you're paying an incorrect amount for your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process to help you get evidence of the right copayment amount. If you already have evidence of the right amount, we can help you share this evidence with us.

- Please submit a copy of one of the following documents as evidence that you qualified for Extra Help to the Member Services Department. The Member Services address is listed in the beginning of this chapter:
  - Extra Help Award letter from Social Security. An Important Information letter from SSA confirming that you are “automatically eligible for extra help”
  - Nursing home residents – the pharmacy will provide the necessary evidence on your behalf.
  - Upon receipt, we will confirm your Extra Help copayment level with Medicare.
- If you are unable to locate supporting documentation, we will assist you in obtaining proof, which includes contacting Medicare on your behalf to determine the correct co-payment level.

## **Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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- When we get the evidence showing the right copayment level, we'll update our system so you can pay the right amount when you get your next prescription. If you overpay your copayment, we'll pay you back, either by check or a future copayment credit. If the pharmacy didn't collect your copayment and you owe them a debt, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make the payment directly to the state. Call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) if you have questions.

### **What if you have Extra Help and coverage from a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)?**

Many states offer help paying for prescriptions, drug plan premiums and/or other drug costs. If you're enrolled in a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP), Medicare's Extra Help pays first.

### **What if you have Extra Help and coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?**

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps people living with HIV/AIDS access life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing help through the New York AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP).

## **Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**Note:** To be eligible for the ADAP in your state, people must meet certain criteria, including proof of state residence and HIV status, low income (as defined by the state), and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans, notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to get help. For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, call the New York AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) at 1-800-542-2437.

For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call ADAP at 1-800-542-2437 Monday - Friday, 9:00AM - 5:00PM. In State - Toll Free 1-800-542-2437 or 1-844-682-4058 Out of State - (518) 459-1641.

### **State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs**

Many states have State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs that help people pay for prescription drugs based on financial need, age, medical condition, or disabilities. Each state has different rules to provide drug coverage to its members.

In New York State, the State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program is Elderly Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage (EPIC) Program.

**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**Elderly Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage (EPIC)  
Program: (New York's State Pharmaceutical  
Assistance Program) – Contact Information**

<b>Call</b>	1-800-332-3742 Monday through Friday 8:00 A.M. to 5 P.M.
<b>TTY</b>	1-800-290-9138 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.
<b>Write</b>	EPIC P.O. BOX 15018 ALBANY, NY 12212
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/">http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/</a>

## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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### Medicare Prescription Payment Plan

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan is a payment option that works with your current drug coverage to help you manage your out-of-pocket costs for drugs covered by our plan by spreading them across **the calendar year** (January – December). Anyone with a Medicare drug plan or Medicare health plan with drug coverage (like a Medicare Advantage plan with drug coverage) can use this payment option. **This payment option might help you manage your expenses, but it doesn't save you money or lower your drug costs. If you're participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan and stay in the same Part D plan, your participation will be automatically renewed for 2026.** To learn more about this payment option, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) or visit [www.Medicare.gov](http://www.Medicare.gov).

### Medicare Prescription Payment Plan – Contact Information

**Call**

1-866-490-2102

Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) also has free language interpreter services for non-English speakers.

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**Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources**

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**Medicare Prescription Payment Plan –  
Contact Information**

<b>TTY</b>	711  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.  Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>Write</b>	Caremark CVS P.O. Box 7 Pittsburgh, PA 15230
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://caremark.com/mppp">http://caremark.com/mppp</a>

## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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### **SECTION 8 Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)**

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The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation’s railroad workers and their families. If you get Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, let them know if you move or change your mailing address. For questions about your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

#### **Railroad Retirement Board (RRB) – Contact Information**

**Call**

1-877-772-5772

Calls to this number are free.

Press “0” to speak with an RRB representative from 9 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9 am to 12 pm on Wednesday.

Press “1” to access the automated RRB HelpLine and get recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.

**TTY**

1-312-751-4701

This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.

Calls to this number aren’t free.

**Website**

<https://RRB.gov>

## Chapter 2 Phone numbers and resources

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### **SECTION 9 If you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer**

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If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) with any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) with questions about your Medicare coverage under this plan. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have other drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you understand how your current drug coverage will work with our plan.

## **CHAPTER 3: Using our plan for your medical services**

### **SECTION 1 How to get medical care as a member of our plan**

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This chapter explains what you need to know about using our plan to get your medical care covered. For details on what medical care our plan covers and how much you pay when you get care, go to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

#### **Section 1.1 Network providers and covered services**

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies equipment, and prescription drugs that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Your covered services for prescription drugs are discussed in Chapter 5.

### **Section 1.2 Basic rules for your medical care to be covered by our plan**

As a Medicare health plan, Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you get is included in our plan's Medical Benefits Chart** in Chapter 4.
- **The care you get is considered medically necessary.** Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) providing and overseeing your care.** As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (go to Section 2.1 for more information).

## Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

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- In general, you do not need to get advance approval from your PCP to see an in-network or out-of-network specialist in the community. However, it is important for your PCP to have this information, so we encourage you to talk to your doctor about services and medical care you are receiving. For certain services, such as home doctor visits other than your PCP, or certified Home Health Care, you will need an authorization from our plan (see Chapter 4 about medical services that need an authorization). Your PCP can help you get those authorizations from our plan.
- Referrals from your PCP are not required for emergency care or urgently needed services. There are also some other kinds of care you can get without having approval in advance from your PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.2 of this chapter).
- **You must get your care from a network provider** (go to Section 2). In most cases, care you get from an out-of-network provider (a provider who's not part of our plan's network) won't be covered. This means you have to pay the provider in full for services you get. Here are 3 exceptions:
  - Our plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services are, go to Section 3.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider at the same cost sharing you normally pay in-network. Authorization should be obtained from the plan by your provider prior to seeking care from an out-of-network provider. If a benefit is offered in and out-of-network, you or your provider should contact the plan to confirm if authorization is required. In this situation, you pay the same as you'd pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, go to Section 2.4.
- Our plan covers kidney dialysis services you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you're temporarily outside our plan's service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost sharing you pay our plan for dialysis can never be higher than the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you're outside our plan's service area and get dialysis from a provider that's outside our plan's network, your cost sharing can't be higher than the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to get services inside our service area from a provider outside our plan's network, your cost sharing for the dialysis may be higher.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- **Under a Point of Service (POS) option**, you may use out-of-network providers to get limited covered services and benefits from any Medicare-certified provider who has not opted out of Medicare. Not all services are covered out-of-network under your Point of Service (POS) option. For more information on these services and how to use them, see section 2.4 (How to get care from out-of-network providers).

### **SECTION 2 Use providers in our plan's network to get medical care**

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#### **Section 2.1 You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care**

##### **What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?**

- What is a PCP?
  - When you become a member of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), you must choose a plan provider to be your PCP. Your PCP is a provider who meets state requirements and is trained to give you basic medical care. As we explain below, you will get your routine or basic care from your PCP.
- What types of providers may act as a PCP?
  - You may select from several types of providers as a PCP. These include, for example, internists and family practitioners, who have agreed to service our members in primary care provider role.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- The role of a PCP in your plan.
  - Your primary care provider will provide you with most of your routine and preventative health care services.
- What is the role of the PCP in coordinating covered services?
  - It is also the role of the PCP to help coordinate additional healthcare and services you may need such as specialist consultations, laboratory and diagnostics tests. “Coordinating” your services include checking or consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it is going. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate your medical care, you should have all of your past medical records sent to your PCP’s office. Your primary care provider maintains your complete medical record, which includes all your medical and surgical history, current and past problems, medications and documentation of services you have received from other healthcare providers.
- What is the role of the PCP in making decisions about or obtaining prior authorization (PA), if applicable?
  - In some cases, your PCP will need to get prior authorization (prior approval) from us for certain types of covered services or supplies.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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### **How to choose a PCP?**

When you become a member of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), you must choose a plan provider to be your PCP. Your PCP is a provider who meets state requirements and is trained to give your basic medical care. Upon enrollment you will select a PCP from our listing of participating primary care providers. If you do not select a Primary care provider at the time of your enrollment one will be chosen for you according to your service area. We can assist enrollees with selecting or identifying who their PCP is and arranging an appointment with a PCP. To have Elderplan assist you, call the Member Services number located on your ID card.

### **How to change your PCP**

You can change your PCP for any reason, at any time. It's also possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers, and you'd need to choose a new PCP.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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To change your PCP, call Member Services. When you call, be sure to tell Member Services if you are seeing specialists or getting other covered services where your PCP is managing any prior authorizations or approvals. Member Services will help make sure that you can continue with the specialty care and other services you have been getting when you change your PCP. They will also check to be sure the PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients in our Network. Member Services will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP and tell you when the change to your new PCP will take effect. All changes will be made immediately upon request. They will also send you a new membership card that shows the name and phone number of your new PCP.

If your health care provider leaves the network, an ongoing course or treatment may be continued for a transitional period for certain qualifying conditions of up to 90 days if the provider accepts payment at the plan rate, adheres to plan quality assurance and other policies, and provides medical information about the care to the plan.

### **Section 2.2 Medical care you can get without a PCP referral**

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

- Routine women's health care, including breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- Flu shots, COVID-19 vaccines, Hepatitis B vaccines, and pneumonia vaccines.
- Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers.
- Urgently needed plan-covered services are services that require immediate medical attention (but not an emergency) if you're either temporarily outside our plan's service area, or if it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically necessary routine provider visits (like annual checkups) aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you're temporarily outside our plan's service area. If possible, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you're away.
- Plan provider specialist visits.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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### **Section 2.3 How to get care from specialists and other network providers**

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. For example:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions

- How to access specialists and other network providers?

You can find a specialist and other network providers by using our Provider and Pharmacy Directory at [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org). You can also call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document).

- What is the role (if any) of the PCP in referring members to specialists and other providers?

Your PCP is the best person to advise you on when to see a Specialist. While you may see the Plan participating specialist you choose, your PCP will make his or her recommendation and advise you as part of coordination of your healthcare needs.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- What to do if you need a prior authorization?

Generally, you obtain prior authorization through your Primary Care Provider or Specialist. Your doctor will contact the plan's Prior Authorization Department to discuss your service needs. The plan will then notify you and your provider of the determination.

- For what services will the PCP need to get prior authorization from the plan?

For various services, your PCP may need to get authorization from the Plan. These include, but are not limited to, services from non-participating facilities, an elective admission to hospital. Please refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.1 for information about services that require prior authorization.

### **When a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan**

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) in our plan's network during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves our plan, you have these rights and protections:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that you have uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We'll notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to choose a new provider.

### **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we'll notify you if you visited that provider within the past 3 years.
- If any of your other providers leave our plan, we'll notify you if you're assigned to the provider, currently get care from them, or visited them within the past 3 months.
- We'll help you choose a new qualified in-network provider for continued care.
- If you're undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to ask to continue getting medically necessary treatment or therapies. We'll work with you so you can continue to get care.
- We'll give you information about available enrollment periods and options you may have for changing plans.
- When an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs, we'll arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network at in-network cost sharing. If you are receiving care from a provider type listed in section 2.4 of this chapter, your provider should call the plan to see if "Authorization is Required" for the service that you are receiving.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving our plan, contact us so we can help you choose a new provider to manage your care.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- If you believe we haven't furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care isn't being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality-of-care complaint to the QIO, a quality-of-care grievance to our plan, or both (go to Chapter 9).

### **Section 2.4 How to get care from out-of-network providers**

This plan is an HMO-POS plan. The POS option allows you to get certain services and benefits from any Medicare-certified provider who has not opted out of Medicare. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm they have not opted out of Medicare. Out-of-network providers may choose not to accept our plan members as patients. If an out-of-network provider refuses to accept our plan, we recommend you seek care from within our contracted in-network provider.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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If an out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, please contact Member Services or send the bill to us for payment. We will pay your doctor for our share of the bill and your doctor may bill you for the amount you owe, if any. Out-of-network providers who accept Medicare cannot bill for any more than what is allowed by Original Medicare. It is best to ask an out-of-network provider to bill us first, but if you have already paid for the covered services, we will reimburse you for our share of the costs. If we determine that the services are not covered or were not medically necessary, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. See Chapter 4 for a list of covered services that are included in the POS (out-of-network) benefit and your cost share.

As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers for the following services only:

- Supplemental Diagnostic and Preventive Dental Services
- Supplemental Comprehensive Dental Services
- Mental Health Specialty Services (Individual & Group Sessions)
- Occupational Therapy Services
- Other Health care professional services (i.e.: Nurse Practitioner, Physician Assistant)
- Physical Therapy and Speech-Language Pathology Services
- Medicare Covered Podiatry Services
- Routine (Supplemental) Podiatry Services

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- Psychiatric Services (Individual & Group Sessions)
- Specialist Services

For some types of services, your doctor may need to get approval in advance from our plan (this is called getting "prior authorization"). See Chapter 4, Section 2.1 for more information about which services "Authorization is Required".

**Note:** Members are entitled to receive services from out-of-network providers for emergency or urgently needed services. In addition, plans must cover dialysis services for ESRD members who have traveled outside the plans service area and are not able to access contracted ESRD providers.

### **SECTION 3 How to get services in an emergency, disaster, or urgent need for care**

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#### **Section 3.1 Get care if you have a medical emergency**

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you're a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You don't need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You don't need to use a network doctor. You can get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they're not part of our network.
- **As soon as possible, make sure our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Please call the Member Services phone number located on your ID card.

### **Covered services in a medical emergency**

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

In addition, our plan provides worldwide emergency coverage/worldwide urgent coverage/worldwide emergency transportation whenever you need it, anywhere in the world up to \$50,000 maximum. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document.

The doctors giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and when the medical emergency is over.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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After the emergency is over, you're entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we'll try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

### **What if it wasn't a medical emergency?**

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care—thinking that your health is in serious danger—and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it wasn't an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we'll cover your care.

However, after the doctor says it wasn't an emergency, we'll cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these 2 ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care, or
- The additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules below for getting this urgent care.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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### **Section 3.2 Get care when you have an urgent need for services**

A service that requires immediate medical attention (but isn't an emergency) is an urgently needed service if you're either temporarily outside our plan's service area, or if it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits such as annual checkups aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

To locate in-network providers for Urgently Needed Services, please look for Urgent Care Centers in the Provider and Pharmacy Directory at [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org).

In addition, our plan provides worldwide emergency coverage / worldwide urgent coverage / worldwide emergency transportation whenever you need it, anywhere in the world up to \$50,000 maximum. (See benefits chart in Chapter 4 for more detailed information.)

### **Section 3.3 Get care during a disaster**

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you're still entitled to care from our plan.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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Visit [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org) for information on how to get needed care during a disaster.

If you can't use a network provider during a disaster, our plan will allow you to get care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing. If you can't use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescriptions at an out-of-network pharmacy. Go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5.

### **SECTION 4 What if you're billed directly for the full cost of covered services?**

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If you paid more than our plan cost sharing for covered services, or if you get a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, you can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services. Go to Chapter 7 for information about what to do.

#### **Section 4.1 If services aren't covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost**

Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. If you get services that aren't covered by our plan or you get services out-of-network without authorization, you're responsible for paying the full cost of services.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you use up your benefit for that type of covered service. If you pay for costs, once your benefit limit has been reached, these costs will not count towards your combined in-network and out-of-pocket maximum. You can call Member Services when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

### **SECTION 5 Medical services in a clinical research study**

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#### **Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study**

A clinical research study (also called a *clinical trial*) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically ask for volunteers to participate in the study. When you're in a clinical research study, you can stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (care that's not related to the study) through our plan.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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**If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for covered services you get as part of the study.** If you tell us you're in a qualified clinical trial, you're only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more—for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount—we'll reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. You'll need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you don't need to tell us or get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study don't need to be part of our plan's network (This doesn't apply to covered benefits that require a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit, including certain benefits requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies. These benefits may also be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.)

While you don't need our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study not approved by Medicare, you'll be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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### **Section 5.2 Who pays for services in a clinical research study**

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you get as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it's part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare pays its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you'll pay the same amount for services you get as part of the study as you would if you got these services from our plan. However, you must submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Go to Chapter 7 for more information on submitting requests for payments.

## Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

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*Example of cost sharing in a clinical trial:* Let's say you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would notify our plan that you got a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation, (like a provider bill) to our plan. Our plan would then directly pay you \$10. This makes your net payment for the test \$10, the same amount you'd pay under our plan's benefits.

When you're in a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare won't pay for the new item or service the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you weren't in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare won't pay for monthly CT scans done as part of a study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.
- Items and services provided by the research sponsors free of charge for people in the trial.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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### **Get more information about joining a clinical research study**

Get more information about joining a clinical research study in the Medicare publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*, available at [www.Medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2019-09/02226-medicare-and-clinical-research-studies.pdf](http://www.Medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2019-09/02226-medicare-and-clinical-research-studies.pdf). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

## **SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution**

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### **Section 6.1 A religious non-medical health care institution**

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we'll instead cover care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

### **Section 6.2 How to get care from a religious non-medical health care institution**

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you're conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

## Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

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- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that's *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment you get that's *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan only covers *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to get covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
  - – *and* – you must get approval in advance from our plan before you're admitted to the facility, or your stay won't be covered.

Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage limits apply. See Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

## Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services

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### SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

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#### Section 7.1 You won't own some durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items like oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for members to use in the home. The member always owns some DME items, like prosthetics. Other types of DME you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. **As a member of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), you won't get ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan.** You won't get ownership even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan.

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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### **What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?**

If you didn't get ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you'll have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare to own the DME item. The payments you made while enrolled in our plan don't count towards these 13 payments.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare don't count.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You didn't get ownership of the item while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You'll have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you rejoin Original Medicare. Any payments you already made (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) don't count.

### **Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance**

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents

## **Chapter 3 Using our plan for your medical services**

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- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

### **What happens if you leave our plan and return to Original Medicare?**

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for 5 years. During the first 36 months, you rent the equipment. For the remaining 24 months, the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you're still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After 5 years, you can choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the 5-year cycle starts over again, even if you stay with the same company, and you're again required to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the 5-year cycle starts over.

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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**CHAPTER 4:  
Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

**SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs  
for covered services**

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The Medical Benefits Chart lists your covered services and shows how much you pay for each covered service as a member of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS). This section also gives information about medical services that aren't covered. It also explains limits on certain services

**Section 1.1 Out-of-pocket costs you may pay for  
covered services**

Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered services include:

- **Deductible:** the amount you must pay for medical services before our plan begins to pay its share.
- **Copayment:** the fixed amount you pay each time you get certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart tells you more about your copayments.)

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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- **Coinsurance:** the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program don't pay deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance. If you're in one of these programs, be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider.

### **Section 1.2 What's the most you'll pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?**

Medicare Advantage Plans have limits on the total amount you have to pay out of pocket each year for combined in-network and out-of-network medical services covered by our plan. This limit is called the combined maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. **For calendar year 2026 the MOOP amount is \$7,550.**

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for combined in-network and out-of-network covered services count toward this combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amounts you pay for plan premiums and Part D drugs don't count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. If you reach the combined maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$7,550, you won't have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for combined in-network and out-of-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay our plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

### **Section 1.3 Providers aren't allowed to balance bill you**

As a member of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), you have an important protection because you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers can't bill you for additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service, and even if there's a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here's how protection from balance billing works:

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
  - If you get covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by our plan's reimbursement rate (this is set in the contract between the provider and our plan).
  - If you get covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Our plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)
  - If you get covered services from an out-of-network provider who doesn't participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Our plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral, or for emergencies or for urgently needed services outside the service area.)
- If you think a provider has balance billed you, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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### **SECTION 2 The Medical Benefits Chart shows your medical benefits and costs**

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The Medical Benefits Chart on the next pages lists the services Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) covers and what you pay out of pocket for each service (Part D drug coverage is in Chapter 5). The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when these are met:

- Your Medicare-covered services must be provided according to the Medicare coverage guidelines.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- For new enrollees, your MA coordinated care plan must provide a minimum 90-day transition period, during which time the new MA plan can't require prior authorization for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that commenced with an out-of-network provider.

## Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

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- You get your care from a network provider. You may also receive care from an out-network provider. Your plan has a Point-Of-Service (POS) option that provides coverage for certain services and benefits from out-of-network providers. Chapter 3 provides more information about requirements for using network providers and the situations when we will cover services from an out-of-network provider.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) providing and overseeing your care.
- Some services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval from us in advance (sometimes called prior authorization). Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart as “Authorization is Required”.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (To learn more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, go to your *Medicare & You 2026* handbook. View it online at [www.Medicare.gov](http://www.Medicare.gov) or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.)

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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- For preventive services covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover those services at no cost to you. However, if you're also treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care you got for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2026, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

### *Important Benefit Information for Enrollees with Chronic Conditions*

- If you're diagnosed with any of the chronic condition(s) listed below and meet certain criteria, you may be eligible for special supplemental benefits for the chronically ill.
  - Chronic alcohol and other substances use disorders (SUDs), including but not limited to the following:
    - Tobacco use and related conditions
  - Autoimmune disorders including, but not limited to the following:
    - Polyarteritis nodosa,
    - Polymyalgia rheumatica
    - Polymyositis
    - Rheumatoid arthritis
    - Systemic lupus erythematosus
  - Cancer
  - Cancer including, but not limited to

## Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

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- Leukemia
- Hodgkin Lymphoma
- Cardiovascular disorders including, but not limited to the following:
  - Cardiac arrhythmias
  - Coronary artery disease
  - Peripheral vascular disease
  - Chronic venous thromboembolic disorder
- Chronic heart failure or heart disease including, but not limited to the following:
  - Hypertension
- Dementia
- Diabetes including, but not limited to complications related to Diabetes such as:
  - Diabetic Retinopathy
  - Diabetic Nephropathy
  - Diabetic Neuropathy
- Diabetes mellitus
- Chronic Gastrointestinal Disease, including, but not limited to the following:
  - Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD)
    - Crohn's Disease
    - Ulcerative Colitis

## Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

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- Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS),
- Celiac Disease
- End-stage liver disease
- Hepatitis B
- Hepatitis C
- Cystic fibrosis
- Severe hematologic disorders including, but not limited to the following:
  - Aplastic anemia
  - Anemia
  - Hemophilia
  - Immune thrombocytopenic purpura
  - Myelodysplastic syndrome
  - Sickle-cell disease (excluding sickle-cell trait)
  - Chronic venous thromboembolic disorder
  - Polycythemia Vera
  - Thalassemia
  - Thrombocytopenia
  - Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia
  - Essential Thrombocythemia
  - Hemochromatosis
- HIV/AIDS

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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- Chronic lung disorders including, but not limited to the following:
  - Asthma
  - Chronic bronchitis
  - Bronchitis
  - Emphysema
  - Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
  - Pulmonary fibrosis
  - Pulmonary hypertension
- Chronic and disabling mental health conditions including, but not limited to the following:
  - Bipolar disorders
  - Major depressive disorders
  - Paranoid disorder
  - Schizophrenia
  - Schizoaffective disorder
  - Eating disorders
- Neurologic disorders including, but not limited to the following:
  - Alzheimer's Disease and other dementias
  - Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
  - Epilepsy

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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- Extensive paralysis (i.e., hemiplegia, quadriplegia, paraplegia, monoplegia)
  - Huntington's disease
  - Multiple sclerosis
  - Parkinson's disease
  - Polyneuropathy
  - Spinal stenosis
  - Stroke-related neurologic deficit
- Stroke
  - Post-organ transplantation
  - Immunodeficiency and Immunosuppressive disorders, including but not limited to the following:
    - Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (SCID)
    - Common Variable Immunodeficiency (CVID)
    - X-linked Agammaglobulinemia (XLA)
    - DiGeorge Syndrome
    - Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CGD)
    - Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome
    - Complement Deficiencies
  - Conditions associated with cognitive impairment, including but not limited to the following:
    - Alzheimer's Disease
    - Parkinson's Disease

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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- Lewy Body Dementia
- Frontotemporal Dementia (FTD)
- Vascular Dementia
- Huntington's Disease
- Prion Diseases
- Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)
- Delirium
- Depression and other Psychiatric Conditions
- Normal Pressure Hydrocephalus (NPH)
- Epilepsy
- Sleep Disorders
- Conditions with functional challenges, including but not limited to the following:
  - Multiple Sclerosis
  - Muscular Dystrophy
  - Stroke
  - Arthritis including but not limited to the following.
    - Rheumatoid arthritis osteo
- Chronic conditions that impair vision, hearing (deafness), taste, touch, and smell, including, but not limited to the following:
  - Age-related macular degeneration (AMD)

## Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)


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- Amblyopia
- Optic Neuritis
- Thyroid Eye Disease (TED)
- Usher Syndrome
- Ménière's Disease
- Otosclerosis
- Autoimmune Inner Ear Disease (AIED)
- Acoustic Neuroma
- Lyme Disease
- Guillain-Barré syndrome
- Carpal tunnel syndrome
- Conditions that require continued therapy services in order for individuals to maintain or retain functioning, including, but not limited to the following:
  - Severe Depression
  - Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)
  - Severe Anxiety Disorders
  - Bipolar Disorder:
  - Cerebral Palsy
- Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD)
  - End-stage renal disease (ESRD) requiring dialysis
- Overweight, Obesity, and Metabolic Syndrome

## Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)


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- Osteoporosis
- Reflex sympathetic dystrophy (RSD) syndrome
- Elderplan offers a grocery benefit and home delivered meals for members with certain chronic conditions. Members will attest to eligibility after enrolling into the plan.
- For more detail, go to the *Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill* row in the Medical Benefits Chart below.
- Contact us to find out exactly which benefits you may be eligible for.

 This apple shows preventive services in the Medical Benefits Chart.

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

**Medical Benefits Chart**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening</b> A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. Our plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.</p>
<p><b>Acupuncture Services (Non-Medicare Covered)</b></p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> There is no coinsurance or copayment per visit. Limited to 20 visits every year for the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Acupuncture</li> <li>● Cupping/Moxa</li> <li>● Acupressure</li> <li>● Tui Na</li> <li>● Gua Sha</li> <li>● Reflexology</li> <li>● Infrared Therapy</li> </ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered under the following circumstances:</p> <p>For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lasting 12 weeks or longer;</li><li>• nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.);</li><li>• not associated with surgery; and</li><li>• not associated with pregnancy.</li></ul> <p>An additional 8 sessions will be covered for patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.</p> <p>Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Medicare-covered Acupuncture for chronic low back pain services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued)</b></p> <p><b>Provider Requirements:</b></p> <p>Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.</p> <p>Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• a master's or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and,</li><li>• a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.</li></ul>	



**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued)</b></p> <p>Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.</p>	
<p><b>Ambulance services</b></p> <p>Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care if they're furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by our plan. If the covered ambulance services aren't for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>\$215 copayment for each one-way trip.</p> <p>Authorization is required for non-emergency services.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Annual Physical Exam</b> This exam is covered in addition to the “Welcome to Medicare Exam” and “Annual Wellness Visit”.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Routine lab work not otherwise covered by Medicare as preventive, including where medically indicated:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Comprehensive Metabolic Panel</li> <li>○ Thyroid Stimulating Hormone</li> <li>○ Complete Blood Count</li> <li>○ Vitamin D</li> </ul> </li> <li>• A hands-on physical exam that includes examination of major parts of the body</li> <li>• A review of active medical problems, development of specific treatment plans, and an examination</li> </ul> <p>Note: Cost-sharing may apply for other services provided during the annual physical exam.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> There is no coinsurance or copayment for Annual Physical Exam (Limited to one exam every year).</p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Medicare-covered Lab Services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**



<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Annual wellness visit</b></p> <p>If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p>
<p> <b>Bone mass measurement</b></p> <p>For qualified people (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Breast cancer screening (mammograms)</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39</li> <li>• One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and older</li> <li>• Clinical breast exams once every 24 months</li> </ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.</p>
<p><b>Cardiac rehabilitation services</b></p> <p>Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor’s order.</p> <p>Our plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>\$10 copayment for Medicare-covered Cardiac Rehabilitation Services.</p> <p>Authorization is required.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</b> We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p>
<p> <b>Cardiovascular disease screening tests</b> Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</b> Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months</li><li>• If you're at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you're of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b> There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p>
<p><b>Chiropractic services</b> Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b> \$15 copayment for Medicare-covered Chiropractic Services.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Colorectal cancer screening</b></p> <p>The following screening tests are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who aren't at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high-risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy.</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam, .</p> <p>If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Computed tomography colonography for patients 45 year and older who are not at high risk of colorectal cancer and is covered when at least 59 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography was performed or 47 months have passed following the month in which the last screening flexible sigmoidoscopy or screening colonoscopy was performed. For patients at high risk for colorectal cancer, payment may be made for a screening computed tomography colonography performed after at least 23 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography or the last screening colonoscopy was performed.</li></ul>	


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high-risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or computed tomography colonography.</li><li>• Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months.</li><li>• Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.</li><li>• Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.</li></ul>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare-covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.</li><li>• Colorectal cancer screening tests include a planned screening flexible sigmoidoscopy or screening colonoscopy that involves the removal of tissue or other matter, or other procedure furnished in connection with, as a result of, and in the same clinical encounter as the screening test.</li></ul>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Dental services</b></p> <p>In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) aren't covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a person's primary medical condition. Examples include reconstruction of the jaw after a fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams prior to organ transplantation.</p> <p>In addition, we cover:</p> <p><b>Supplemental Diagnostic and Preventative Dental Services:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Oral Exams</li><li>• Cleanings (Prophylaxis)</li><li>• Fluoride Treatment</li><li>• Dental X-Rays</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network and Out-of-Network Combined</b></p> <p><b><u>Supplemental Diagnostic and Preventative Dental Services</u></b></p> <p>Coverage of Supplemental Diagnostic and Preventative Dental Services are limited to selected service codes from the categories below in-network and out-of-network combined.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Dental services (continued)</b>  <b>Supplemental Comprehensive Dental Services:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Restorative Services</li> <li>• Endodontic Services</li> <li>• Periodontics Services</li> <li>• Prosthodontics, fixed</li> <li>• Prosthodontics, removable</li> <li>• Oral/Maxillofacial Surgery</li> <li>• Adjunctive General Services</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the following supplemental Diagnostic and preventative dental services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oral Exams: 1 every 6 months</li> <li>• Cleanings (Prophylaxis): 1 every 6 months</li> <li>• Fluoride Treatment: 1 every 6 months</li> <li>• Dental X-Rays: 1 every 12 months</li> <li>• Dental X-Rays: 1 every 36 months</li> </ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Dental services (continued)</b></p> <p><b>Medicare-covered Comprehensive Dental</b></p>	<p><b><u>In-Network Comprehensive Dental Services</u></b> 20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered Comprehensive Dental Benefits. Medicare will only pay for certain Dental Services that you get when you're in a hospital. Medicare can pay for inpatient hospital care if you need to have an emergency or complicated dental procedure.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Dental services (continued)</b>	<p><b>In-Network and Out-of-Network Combined</b></p> <p><b><u>Supplemental Comprehensive Dental Services</u></b></p> <p>Coverage of Supplemental Comprehensive Dental Services is limited to select service codes from the categories below in-network and out-of-network combined.</p> <p>Benefit frequency may be limited per ADA guidelines to 1 service per tooth/per arch/per quadrant.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Dental services (continued)</b>	<u>Restorative Services:</u> Select codes <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$0 copayment/ 1 every 6 months</li><li>• \$0 copayment/ 1 every 24 months</li><li>• \$0 copayment/ 1 every 60 months</li><li>• \$50 copayment/ 1 every 60 months</li><li>• \$150 copayment/ 1 every 60 months</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Dental services (continued)</b>	<p><u>Endodontic Services:</u> Select codes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$0 copayment/ 1 per lifetime</li><li>• \$40 copayment/ 1 per lifetime</li></ul> <p><u>Periodontics Services:</u> Select codes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$0 copayment/ 1 every 36 months</li><li>• \$40 copayment/ 1 every 36 months</li><li>• Select Codes Only at \$150 copayment/ 1 every 60 months</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Dental services (continued)</b>	<p><u>Prosthodontics, removable</u> <u>Services:</u> Select codes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$0 copayment with no frequency limitation</li><li>• \$0 copayment/ 1 every 12 months</li><li>• \$150 copayment/ 1 every 60 months</li></ul> <p><u>Prosthodontics, fixed</u> <u>Services:</u> Select codes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$0 copayment with no frequency limitation</li><li>• \$100 copayment/ 1 every 60 months</li></ul>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Dental services (continued)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$150 copayment/ 1 every 60 months</li></ul> <p><u>Oral and Maxillofacial Services:</u> Select codes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$0 copayment/ 1 every 12 months</li><li>• \$0 copayment/ 1 per lifetime</li><li>• \$100 copayment/ 1 per lifetime</li><li>• \$100 copayment with no frequency limitation</li></ul>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Dental services (continued)</b></p>	<p><u>Adjunctive General Services</u>: Select codes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$0 copayment with no frequency limitation</li></ul> <p>For more information about which services are covered please contact Member Services.</p>
<p> <b>Depression screening</b></p> <p>We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**


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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Diabetes screening</b></p> <p>We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of these risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</p> <p>You may be eligible for up to 2 diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening test.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services, and supplies</b></p> <p>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors.</li><li>• For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: one pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and 2 additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and 3 pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</li><li>• Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions.</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for the following Medicare-covered services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Diabetes Self-Management Training.</li><li>• Glaucoma Screenings</li><li>• Diabetic Supplies. Diabetic Test Strips and Blood Glucose Meters are limited to specific manufacturers: Abbott Diabetes Care and Ascensia Diabetes Care.</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services, and supplies (continued)</b></p>	<p>20% coinsurance for Medicare covered Diabetic Therapeutic Shoes or Inserts.</p>
<p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies</b> (For a definition of durable medical equipment, go to Chapter 12 and Chapter 3.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but aren't limited to, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p> <p>We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area doesn't carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you can ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at <a href="http://www.elderplan.org">www.elderplan.org</a>.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> 20% coinsurance for Medicare covered Durable Medical Equipment (DME) and Related Supplies.</p> <p>Authorization is only required for certain items that are like but not limited to high dollar, motorized, and custom equipment or items.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued)</b>	<p>You pay \$0 copay for Freestyle Libre Continuous Glucose Monitors and supplies are available at participating pharmacies. Authorization may be required.</p> <p>Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 20% coinsurance, every month.</p> <p>Your cost sharing won't change after you're enrolled for 36 months.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Emergency care</b></p> <p>Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and</li><li>• Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.</li></ul> <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you're a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Cost sharing for necessary emergency services you get out-of-network is the same as when you get these services in-network.</p>	<p>\$110 copayment for each Medicare covered emergency room visit.</p> <p>If you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition, there is no cost-sharing.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Emergency care (continued)</b></p> <p><b>Worldwide Emergency/ Emergency Transportation / Urgent Coverage</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Worldwide Emergency / Emergency Transportation / Urgent Coverage (maximum benefit amount is \$50,000)</p> <p><b>Worldwide emergency travel assistance benefit</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Worldwide Emergency Travel Assistance services arranged by our worldwide emergency travel assistance provider.</p> <p>Elderplan offers its eligible members travel assistance services through Assist America®. When experiencing a travel-related emergency while more than 100 miles away from home, or outside the country, for less than 90 consecutive days, eligible Elderplan members can contact the Assist America Operations Center 24 hours a day, 7 days a week for assistance.</p>	<p>If you get emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must move to a network hospital for your care to continue to be covered OR you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by our plan and your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Flex Card</b>	<p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Flex Card.</p> <p>You will receive a \$450 allowance to use in 2026 on out-of-pocket costs for dental, vision, hearing, and/or fitness services.</p> <p>Any unused benefit dollars will expire at the end of the calendar year or if you disenroll from the plan.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Health and wellness education programs</b></p> <p><b>Fitness Benefit (Gym Access)</b> Members have access to the Silver&amp;Fit® Healthy Aging and Exercise program at no cost. Under this program, members can access no-cost participating fitness centers. In addition, members can choose 1 (one) home fitness kit per benefit year at no cost. Members can also access other Silver&amp;Fit® program features including thousands of on-demand workout videos, virtual events through the Well-Being club, and specialized coaching sessions. The Silver&amp;Fit® tollfree number is 1-877-427-4788 (TTY 711) Monday through Friday, 8 am to 9 pm.</p> <p><b>Disclaimer:</b> The Silver&amp;Fit® program is provided by American Specialty Health Fitness, Inc., a subsidiary of American Specialty Health Incorporated (ASH). Silver&amp;Fit® is a trademark of ASH and used with permission herein. Kits are subject to change. Fitness center participation may vary by location and is subject to change.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Fitness Benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**


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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Health and wellness education programs (continued)</b></p> <p><b>Memory Fitness Program by BrainHQ®</b></p> <p>Members will have access to an online memory fitness program to improve brain function through games, puzzles, and other fun exercises. Members can also participate in monthly brain health webinars and an online class about memory. To register, please visit (<a href="http://elderplan.brainhq.com">elderplan.brainhq.com</a>). The BrainHQ® toll free number is (888-496-1675), TTY call 711 Monday through Friday, 10 am to 7 pm.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for BrainHQ®</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Hearing services</b> Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when you get them from a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</p> <p><b>Non-Medicare Covered Hearing Services (once every three years):</b> Covered Services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Routine Hearing Exams</li> <li>• Hearing Aids, including all types</li> <li>• Fitting/Evaluation for Hearing Aids</li> </ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b> \$35 copayment for each Medicare covered diagnostic hearing exams.</p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment for Non-Medicare Covered Routine Hearing Exams, Fitting/Evaluation for Hearing Aid, and Hearing Aids (all types) once every three years.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart**  
**(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Hearing services (continued)</b></p>	<p>Hearing Aids (all types) are covered up to \$500 maximum benefit every 3 years for one ear. \$0 copayment for Fitting/Evaluation for Hearing Aid every 3 years. This benefit can only be used for one ear.</p> <p>Authorization is required by a Physician or Specialist.</p>
<p> <b>HIV screening</b></p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• One screening exam every 12 months.</li></ul> <p>If you are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Up to 3 screening exams during a pregnancy.</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There's no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Home health agency care</b></p> <p>Before you get home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>Covered services include, but aren't limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (to be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week)</li><li>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li><li>• Medical and social services</li><li>• Medical equipment and supplies</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Home Health Agency Care services.</p> <p>Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Home infusion therapy</b></p> <p>Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to a person at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).</p> <p>Covered services include, but aren’t limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with our plan of care</li> <li>• Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit</li> <li>• Remote monitoring</li> <li>• Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier</li> </ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>20% coinsurance for the following Medicare-covered services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Durable Medical Equipment (DME) and Related Supplies. Authorization only required for certain items that are like but not limited to high dollar, motorized, and custom equipment or items.</li> <li>• Medical Supplies. Authorization is required.</li> </ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Home infusion therapy (continued)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Medicare Part B Prescription drugs. Authorization may be required for certain drugs.</li></ul> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Home Health Agency Care services.</p> <p>Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Home infusion therapy (continued)</b>	<b>In-Network and Out-of-Network</b> You pay a copayment for the following Medicare-covered services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$35 copayment for Specialist office visits.</li><li>• \$35 copayment for Other Healthcare Professionals services. Authorization only required for in home visits billed by a Nurse Practitioner or Physician Assistant directly.</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Hospice care</b></p> <p>You're eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You can get care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Our plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in our plan's service area, including programs we own, control, or have a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Drugs for symptom control and pain relief</li><li>• Short-term respite care</li><li>• Home care</li></ul> <p>When you're admitted to a hospice, you have the right to stay in our plan; if you stay in our plan you must continue to pay plan premiums.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS).</p> <p>Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) will pay for a one-time consultative visit before you select hospice.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Hospice care (continued)</b></p> <p><b>For hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or B that are related to your terminal prognosis:</b> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you're in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services Original Medicare pays for. You'll be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.</p> <p><b>For services covered by Medicare Part A or B not related to your terminal prognosis:</b> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services covered under Medicare Part A or B that aren't related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (like if there's a requirement to get prior authorization).</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Hospice care (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If you get the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for getting service, you pay only our plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services</li><li>• If you get the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Original Medicare</li></ul> <p><b>For services covered by Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) but not covered by Medicare Part A or B:</b> Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) will continue to cover plan-covered services that aren't covered under Part A or B whether or not they're related to your terminal prognosis. You pay our plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</p>	


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Hospice care (continued)</b></p> <p><b>For drugs that may be covered by our plan's Part D benefit:</b> If these drugs are unrelated to your terminal hospice condition, you pay cost sharing. If they're related to your terminal hospice condition, you pay Original Medicare cost sharing. Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, go to Chapter 5, Section 9.4).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you need non-hospice care (care that's not related to your terminal prognosis), contact us to arrange the services.</p> <p>Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Immunizations</b></p> <p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Pneumonia vaccines</li><li>• Flu/influenza shots (or vaccines), once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu/influenza shots (or vaccines) if medically necessary</li><li>• Hepatitis B vaccines if you're at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B</li><li>• COVID-19 vaccines</li><li>• Other vaccines if you're at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules</li></ul> <p>We also cover most other adult vaccines under our Part D drug benefit. Go to Chapter 6, Section 8 for more information.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, flu/influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care</b></p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you're formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you're discharged is your last inpatient day.</p> <p>Covered services include but aren't limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li><li>• Meals including special diets</li><li>• Regular nursing services</li><li>• Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)</li><li>• Drugs and medications</li><li>• Lab tests</li><li>• X-rays and other radiology services</li><li>• Necessary surgical and medical supplies</li><li>• Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs</li><li>• Operating and recovery room costs</li><li>• Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy</li><li>• Inpatient substance abuse services</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>A benefit period begins on the first day you are admitted as an inpatient in the hospital or skilled nursing facility.</p> <p>You pay per admission:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Days 1-5: \$425 copayment each day</li><li>• Day 6 and beyond: \$0 copayment each day.</li></ul> <p>Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we'll arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you're a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to get transplants at this distant location, we'll arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.</li></ul>	<p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you'd pay at a network hospital.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells starts only with the fourth pint of blood you need. You must either pay the costs for the first 3 pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered starting with the first pint.</li><li>• Physician services</li></ul> <p><b>Note:</b> To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you're not sure if you're an inpatient or an outpatient, ask the hospital staff.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</b> Get more information in the Medicare fact sheet <i>Medicare Hospital Benefits</i>. This fact sheet is available at <a href="http://www.Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf">www.Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.</li><li>• There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have when you get mental health care in a general hospital. You can also have multiple benefit periods when you get care in a psychiatric hospital.</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>A benefit period begins on the first day you are admitted as an inpatient in the hospital or skilled nursing facility.</p> <p>You pay per admission:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Days 1-5: \$400 copayment each day</li><li>• Day 6 and beyond: \$0 copayment each day</li></ul> <p>Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Inpatient stay: Covered services you get in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay</b></p> <p>If you've used up your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay isn't reasonable and necessary, we won't cover your inpatient stay. In some cases, we'll cover certain services you get while you're in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but aren't limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Physician services</li><li>• Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)</li><li>• X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services</li><li>• Surgical dressings</li><li>• Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li></ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Primary Care Provider (PCP) visit.</li><li>• Medicare-covered Lab Services.</li><li>• Endocrinologist office visit.</li></ul> <p>You pay a copayment for the following Medicare-covered services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$35 copayment for each Specialist visit.</li><li>• \$35 copayment for Diagnostic Procedures/ Tests.</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Inpatient stay: Covered services you get in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices</li><li>• Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition</li><li>• Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$20 copayment for X-Ray Services.</li><li>• \$35 copayment for Occupational Therapy, Physical Therapy, or Speech/ Language Pathology services per visit. Authorization is required.</li><li>• \$35 copayment for Other Healthcare Professionals services.</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Inpatient stay: Covered services you get in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay (continued)</b>	<p>Authorization only required for in home visits billed by a Nurse Practitioner or Physician Assistant directly.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for each of the following Medicare-covered services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Therapeutic Radiological Services.</li><li>• Prosthetic Devices/ Medical Supplies. Authorization is required.</li></ul>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Inpatient stay: Covered services you get in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay (continued)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Diagnostic Radiological services. Authorization is required only for Positron Emission Tomography (PET), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Magnetic Resonance Angiography (MRA), and CAT Scan (CT).</li></ul>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Medical nutrition therapy</b></p> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during the first year you get medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to get more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</b> <b>MDPP services are covered for eligible people under all Medicare health plans.</b> MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Medicare Part B drugs</b></p> <p><b>These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan get coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you get physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services</li><li>• Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump)</li><li>• Other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by our plan</li><li>• The Alzheimer's drug, Leqembi® (generic name lecanemab), which is administered intravenously. In addition to medication costs, you may need additional scans and tests before and/or during treatment that could add to your overall costs. Talk to your doctor about what scans and tests you may need as part of your treatment.</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs.</p> <p>You pay up to \$35 for Medicare Part B Insulin Drugs.</p> <p>Authorization may be required for certain drugs.</p> <p>You will not pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each insulin product covered by our plan, no matter the cost-sharing for Part B and D drugs, even if you have not paid your deductible.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Medicare Part B drugs (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia</li><li>• Transplant/immunosuppressive drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs. Medicare Part D drug coverage covers immunosuppressive drugs if Part B doesn't cover them</li><li>• Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you're homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and can't self-administer the drug</li><li>• Some antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision</li></ul>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Medicare Part B drugs (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a drug that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active ingredient found in the injectable drug) of the injectable drug. As new oral cancer drugs become available, Part B may cover them. If Part B doesn't cover them, Part D does.</li><li>• Oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti-nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement for an intravenous anti-nausea drug</li><li>• Certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs covered under Medicare Part B</li></ul>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Medicare Part B drugs (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Calcimimetic and phosphate binder medications under the ESRD payment system, including the intravenous medication Parsabiv® and the oral medication Sensipar®</li><li>• Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary and topical anesthetics</li><li>• Erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Retacrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, Darbepoetin Alfa, Mircera®, or Methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta)</li><li>• Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases</li></ul>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Medicare Part B drugs (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Parenteral and enteral nutrition (intravenous and tube feeding)</li></ul> <p>We also cover some vaccines under Part B and most adult vaccines under our Part D drug benefit.</p> <p>Chapter 5 explains our Part D drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. What you pay for Part D drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.</p>	
<p> <b>Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</b></p> <p>If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Opioid treatment program services</b> Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can get coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications</li><li>• Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable)</li><li>• Substance use counseling</li><li>• Individual and group therapy</li><li>• Toxicology testing</li><li>• Intake activities</li><li>• Periodic assessments</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b> \$20 copayment for Opioid Treatment Program Services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</b></p> <p>Covered services include, but aren't limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• X-rays</li><li>• Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies</li><li>• Surgical supplies, such as dressings</li><li>• Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li><li>• Laboratory tests</li><li>• Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the fourth pint of blood that you need - you must either pay the costs for the first 3 pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used. Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) covers the first 3 pints of blood at no cost to you in an Outpatient setting</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Outpatient Blood Services.</li><li>• Medicare covered Lab Services.</li><li>• Diagnostic Colonoscopies performed in an office visit setting.</li></ul> <p>You pay a copayment for the following Medicare-covered services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$35 copayment for Diagnostic Procedures/ Tests.</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Diagnostic non-laboratory tests such as CT scans, MRIs, EKGs, and PET scans when your doctor or other health care provider orders them to treat a medical problem.</li><li>• Other outpatient diagnostic tests</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$20 copayment for X-Ray Services.</li></ul> <p>20% coinsurance for each of the following Medicare-covered services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Therapeutic Radiological Services.</li><li>• Prosthetic Devices/ Medical Supplies. Authorization is required.</li><li>• Diagnostic Radiological services.</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies (continued)</b>	Authorization is required only for Positron Emission Tomography (PET), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Magnetic Resonance Angiography (MRA), and CAT Scan (CT)

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Outpatient hospital observation</b></p> <p>Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</p> <p>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another person authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you aren't sure if you're an outpatient, ask the hospital staff.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare covered Outpatient Hospital Observation Services.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Outpatient hospital observation (continued)</b></p> <p>Get more information in the Medicare fact sheet <i>Medicare Hospital Benefits</i>. This fact sheet is available at <a href="http://www.Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf">www.Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.</p>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Outpatient hospital services</b></p> <p>We cover medically necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but aren’t limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery</li> <li>• Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital</li> <li>• Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital</li> <li>• Medical supplies such as splints and casts</li> <li>• Certain drugs and biologicals you can’t give yourself</li> </ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>20% coinsurance for each of the following Medicare-covered services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Outpatient Hospital Services.</li> <li>• Partial Hospitalization. Authorization is required.</li> <li>• Therapeutic Radiological Services.</li> <li>• Prosthetic Devices/ Medical Supplies. Authorization is required.</li> </ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Outpatient hospital services (continued)</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you aren't sure if you're an outpatient, ask the hospital staff.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Diagnostic Radiological services. Authorization is required only for Positron Emission Tomography (PET), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Magnetic Resonance Angiography (MRA), and CAT Scan (CT)</li><li>• Medicare Part B Prescription drugs. Authorization may be required for certain drugs.</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Outpatient hospital services (continued)</b>	<p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Outpatient Blood Services.</li><li>• Medicare covered Lab Services.</li></ul> <p>You pay a copayment for the following Medicare-covered services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$35 copayment for Outpatient Diagnostic Procedures/ Tests.</li><li>• \$20 copayment for X-Ray Services.</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Outpatient mental health care</b> Covered services include: Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</p>	<p><b>In-Network and Out-of-Network</b> You pay \$20 copayment for Medicare-covered Mental Health Specialty Services Individual Sessions.  You pay \$5 copayment for Medicare-covered Mental Health Specialty Services Group Sessions.  You pay \$25 copayment for Medicare-covered Psychiatric Services Individual Sessions.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Outpatient mental health care (continued)</b></p>	<p>You pay \$5 copayment for Medicare-covered Psychiatric Services Group Sessions.</p>
<p><b>Outpatient rehabilitation services</b> Covered services include physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p>	<p><b>In-Network and Out-of-Network</b> \$35 copayment for Occupational Therapy, Physical Therapy, or Speech/Language Pathology services per visit.</p> <p>Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Outpatient substance use disorder services</b></p> <p>These programs offer treatment for substance abuse on an outpatient basis, in individual and group settings.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> 20% coinsurance for Outpatient substance abuse services, office visits for Individual and Group Sessions.</p>
<p><b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you’re having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you’ll be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you’re an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> 20% coinsurance for Outpatient Surgery at an Outpatient Hospital or Ambulatory Surgical Center.</p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for a Diagnostic Colonoscopy at an Ambulatory Surgical Center.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Over the Counter (OTC)</b></p> <p>Members receive an OTC card with a quarterly maximum amount provided by Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) to purchase eligible OTC items. The OTC benefit must be used within the quarter. Any remaining OTC card balance cannot be carried over to the next quarter.</p> <p>The OTC card is not a debit or credit card and cannot be converted to cash, nor can it be used to purchase Part B or Part D covered prescription drugs.</p> <p>Other OTC benefits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Nicotine Replacement Therapy (The Nicotine Replacement Therapy (NRT) being offered does not duplicate any Part D OTC or formulary drugs).</li></ul>	<p>You may purchase up to \$140 every quarter of eligible OTC items. The OTC card balance cannot be carried over to the next quarter.</p> <p>Quarterly benefit periods are distributed as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Quarter 1 (January, February and March)</li><li>• Quarter 2 (April, May and June)</li><li>• Quarter 3 (July, August and September)</li><li>• Quarter 4 (October, November and December)</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<b>Over the Counter (OTC) (continued)</b>	<p>For eligible members the OTC benefit combines with Special Supplemental Benefits for the chronically Ill (SSBCI). See Special Supplemental Benefits for Chronically Ill section for additional details.</p> <p>Your OTC benefit covers COVID 19 tests and Naloxone nasal spray at select pharmacies and/or retailers.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services</b></p> <p><i>Partial hospitalization</i> is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center that's more intense than care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p> <p><i>Intensive outpatient service</i> is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that's more intense than care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>20% coinsurance for Partial Hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services.</p> <p>Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Medically necessary medical care or surgery services you get in a physician’s office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location</li> <li>• Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist</li> <li>• Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your PCP OR specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment</li> <li>• Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes <b>if</b>:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ You’re not a new patient <b>and</b></li> <li>○ The check-in isn’t related to an office visit in the past 7 days <b>and</b></li> <li>○ The check-in doesn’t lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for each office visit for the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary Care Provider (PCP) Services.</li> </ul> <p><b>In-Network and Out-of-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for each office visit for the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Endocrinologist Services</li> </ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours <b>if</b>:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ You're not a new patient <b>and</b></li><li>○ The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days <b>and</b></li><li>○ The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li></ul></li><li>• Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record</li><li>• Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery</li></ul>	<p>You pay a copayment for each office visit for the following Medicare-covered services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• \$35 copayment for Specialist Services.</li><li>• \$35 copayment for Other Healthcare Professionals Services.</li></ul> <p>Authorization is only required for in-home visits billed by a Nurse Practitioner or Physician Assistant directly.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</b></p> <p>Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) also covers:</p> <p><b>Telehealth Services</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Certain telehealth services, including:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Urgently Needed Services</li> <li>○ Primary Care Provider Services</li> <li>○ Physician Specialist Services</li> <li>○ Mental Health Specialty Services (Individual and Group Sessions)</li> <li>○ Psychiatric Services (Individual and Group Sessions)</li> <li>○ Outpatient Substance Abuse (Individual and Group Sessions)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p><b><u>Telehealth Services</u></b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for the following Telehealth Services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary Care Provider (PCP) Services.</li> </ul> <p>You pay \$10 copayment for the following Telehealth Services:</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Telehealth availability and means of communication varies and is dependent on each provider. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. Please call your provider for more information.</li><li>• Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home</li><li>• Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location</li><li>• Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Urgently Needed Services.</li><li>• Provider Specialist Services.</li><li>• Mental Health Specialty Services (Individual and Group Sessions).</li><li>• Psychiatric Services (Individual and Group Sessions)</li><li>• Outpatient Substance Abuse (Individual and Group Sessions)</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit</li><li>○ You have an in-person visit every 12 months while getting these telehealth services</li><li>○ Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances</li></ul></li><li>• Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers</li></ul>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)</b></p> <p><b>Telehealth Services with TELADOC</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• You have the option of receiving general medical services from Board Certified Physicians via Teladoc by phone, secure video through your personal computer, or using a mobile device such as a tablet 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</li><li>• You have access to mental health services from board certified psychiatrists, psychologists, or licensed therapists via Teladoc services via Teladoc by phone, secure video through your personal computer, or using a mobile device such as a tablet, 7 days a week.</li><li>• The services through Teladoc are designed to handle non-emergency medical issues and should not be used when experiencing a medical emergency.</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Telehealth Services with TELADOC.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• While this service is not intended to replace your primary care doctor for common or chronic conditions, a virtual doctor's appointment can sometimes be another option when your doctor's office or urgent care center is not available or open. Prescriptions can also be obtained when medically necessary. You can call Teladoc to learn more about your benefit at 1 800-TELADOC (1-800-835-2362), TTY 1-800-877-8973, 7 days a week, 24 hours a day.</li></ul>	


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Podiatry services</b> Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)</li><li>• Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs</li></ul> <p><b>Supplemental podiatry services include:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Up to 10 Routine Foot care visits per year</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network and Out-of-Network</b> \$35 copayment for Medicare-covered Podiatry Services.</p> <p><b>In-Network</b> \$35 copayment for Supplemental Podiatry Services (Routine Foot Care up to 10 visits per year).</p> <p><b>Out-of-Network</b> \$35 copayment for Supplemental Podiatry Services (Routine Foot Care up to 10 visits per year).</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) for HIV prevention</b></p> <p>If you don't have HIV, but your doctor or other health care practitioner determines you're at an increased risk for HIV, we cover pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) medication and related services.</p> <p>If you qualify, covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• FDA-approved oral or injectable PrEP medication. If you're getting an injectable drug, we also cover the fee for injecting the drug.</li><li>• Up to 8 individual counseling sessions (including HIV risk assessment, HIV risk reduction, and medication adherence) every 12 months.</li><li>• Up to 8 HIV screenings every 12 months.</li></ul> <p>A one-time hepatitis B virus screening.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the PrEP benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Prostate cancer screening exams</b> For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following once every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Digital rectal exam</li><li>• Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b> There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test. There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive service Digital Rectal Exams.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies</b></p> <p>Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but aren't limited to testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices; as well as colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic and orthotic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – go to <i>Vision Care</i> later in this table for more detail.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered Prosthetic Devices and Medical Supplies.</p> <p>Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Pulmonary rehabilitation services</b></p> <p>Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>\$15 copayment for Medicare-covered Pulmonary rehabilitation services.</p> <p>Authorization is required.</p>
<p> <b>Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse</b></p> <p>We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren’t alcohol dependent.</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you’re competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)</b> For qualified people, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.</p> <p><b>Eligible members are</b> people age 50 – 77 who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who get an order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) (continued)</b></p> <p><i>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:</i> the members must get an order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for later lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.</p>	


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Screening for Hepatitis C Virus infection</b></p> <p>We cover one Hepatitis C screening if your primary care doctor or other qualified health care provider orders one and you meet one of these conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• You're at high risk because you use or have used illicit injection drugs.</li><li>• You had a blood transfusion before 1992.</li><li>• You were born between 1945-1965.</li></ul> <p>If you were born between 1945-1965 and aren't considered high risk, we pay for a screening once. If you're at high risk (for example, you've continued to use illicit injection drugs since your previous negative Hepatitis C screening test), we cover yearly screenings.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for the Hepatitis C Virus.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</b></p> <p>We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to 2 individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Services to treat kidney disease</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to 6 sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime</li><li>• Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible)</li><li>• Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you're admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)</li><li>• Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)</li><li>• Home dialysis equipment and supplies</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>20% coinsurance for the following services (to treat Kidney Disease):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Dialysis Services.</li><li>• Durable Medical Equipment (DME). Authorization is required for certain items that are like but not limited to high dollar, motorized, and custom equipment or items.</li><li>• Medicare Part B Prescription drugs.</li></ul>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Services to treat kidney disease (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)</li></ul> <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under Medicare Part B. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, go to <b>Medicare Part B drugs</b> in this table.</p>	<p>Authorization may be required for certain drugs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Kidney Disease Education Services.</li></ul> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Home Health services.</p> <p>Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care</b> (For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, go to Chapter 12. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.)</p> <p>Covered services include but aren't limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li><li>• Meals, including special diets</li><li>• Skilled nursing services</li><li>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy</li><li>• Drugs administered to you as part of our plan of care (this includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.)</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>The plan covers up to 100 days each benefit period (a 3 day minimum prior hospital stay for a related illness or injury is required).</p> <p>You pay per admission:</p> <p>Days 1 - 20: \$0 copayment per day</p> <p>Days 21 -100: \$218 copayment per day</p> <p>Days 101 and beyond: you pay all cost.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the fourth pint of blood you need - you must either pay the costs for the first 3 pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.</li><li>• Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs</li><li>• Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs</li><li>• X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs</li><li>• Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs</li><li>• Physician/Practitioner services</li></ul>	<p>A benefit period begins the day you are admitted as an inpatient and ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a SNF after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins.</p> <p>Authorization is required.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued)</b></p> <p>Generally, you get SNF care from network facilities. Under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care)</li><li>• A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital</li></ul>	

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</b></p> <p>Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling is covered for outpatient and hospitalized patients who meet these criteria:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Use tobacco, regardless of whether they exhibit signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease</li><li>• Are competent and alert during counseling</li><li>• A qualified physician or other Medicare-recognized practitioner provides counseling</li></ul> <p>We cover 2 cessation attempts per year (each attempt may include a maximum of 4 intermediate or intensive sessions, with the patient getting up to 8 sessions per year.)</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill</b></p> <p>Members eligible for Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically Ill (SSBCI) will receive a combined Over the Counter Non-Prescription Drug Coverage benefit to cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Certain grocery items, which may only be used at select pharmacies and/or retailers.</li><li>• Home delivered meals that can be ordered online or by phone.</li></ul> <p>Members not eligible for Special Supplemental Benefits for Chronically Ill (SSBCI) will only receive Over-the Counter Non-Prescription Drug Coverage.</p> <p>The combined OTC coverage of up to \$140 per quarter will be available quarterly. Benefits will not carry forward to the next quarter if it is unused.</p> <p>Contact the Plan for a complete listing of eligible items and network listing of select pharmacies and/or retailers.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Special Supplemental benefits for the Chronically Ill (SSBCI).</p> <p>This SSBCI benefit combines with the OTC benefit to cover certain grocery items as well as home delivered meals as a part of the quarterly OTC allowance.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)</b> SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment. Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met. The SET program must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication</li><li>• Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office</li><li>• Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD</li><li>• Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b> \$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered SET (for PAD) session. Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) (continued)</b></p> <p>SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p>	
<p><b>Transportation Services (Non-Medicare-Covered)</b></p>	<p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Non-Medicare Covered Transportation Services.</p> <p>You may take up to 32 one-way trips to a plan approved health-related location annually by Taxi, Bus, Subway, or Van. Any trips unused will not carry over to the following year.</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Urgently needed services</b></p> <p>A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that's not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you're temporarily outside our plan's service area, or, even if you're inside our plan's service area, it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Our plan must cover urgently needed services and only charge you in-network cost sharing. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically necessary routine provider visits (like annual checkups) aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>\$35 copayment for each Urgently Needed Services visit.</p> <p>If you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition, there is no copayment.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p><b>Urgently needed services (continued)</b> <b>Worldwide Emergency / Emergency Transportation / Urgent Coverage</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Worldwide Emergency / Emergency Transportation / Urgent Coverage (maximum benefit amount is \$50,000).</p> <p><b>Worldwide emergency travel assistance benefit</b></p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Worldwide Emergency Travel Assistance services arranged by our worldwide emergency travel assistance provider.</p> <p>Elderplan offers its eligible members travel assistance services through Assist America®. When experiencing a travel-related emergency while more than 100 miles away from home, or outside the country, for less than 90 consecutive days, eligible Elderplan members can contact the Assist America Operations Center 24 hours a day, 7 days a week for assistance.</p>	


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Vision care</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts.</li><li>• For people who are at high risk for glaucoma, we cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African Americans who are age 50 and older and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older.</li><li>• For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year.</li></ul>	<p><b>In-Network</b></p> <p>\$35 copayment for Medicare-covered preventative and diagnostic eye exams (including macular degeneration tests and treatment).</p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Medicare-covered Glaucoma Screening.</p>


**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Vision care (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. If you have 2 separate cataract operations, you can't reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase 2 eyeglasses after the second surgery.</li></ul> <p><b>Non-Medicare-Covered Vision Care Services include:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If you are diagnosed by a plan provider with Diabetes you may be eligible for reduced cost sharing for Diabetic Retinopathy and Diabetic Retinal exams for an unlimited number of screenings.</li><li>• One routine eye exam for eyewear every calendar year.</li><li>• Eyewear including prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses – Limited to \$200 annual maximum every calendar year.</li></ul>	<p>\$0 Copayment for one pair of Medicare-covered eyeglasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery. Eyewear provided after cataract surgery are not subject to the annual maximum amount (\$200).</p> <p>There is no coinsurance or copayment for Diabetic Retinopathy and Diabetic Retinal Screenings (eye exams)</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**


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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
 <b>Vision care (continued)</b>	<p>\$0 Copayment for one routine <b>eye exam</b> for <b>eyewear</b> every year.</p> <p>\$0 Copayment for eyewear (\$200 annual maximum per calendar year) including contact lenses or eyeglasses (lenses and frames).</p>

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**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Covered Service</b>	<b>What you pay</b>
<p> <b>Welcome to Medicare preventive visit</b> Our plan covers the one-time <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots (or vaccines)), and referrals for other care if needed.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> We cover the <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you want to schedule your <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit.</p>	<p><b>In-Network</b> There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit.</p>

## Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

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### Supplemental Dental Benefits Limitations and Exclusions

As a member of our plan, our plan offers dental benefits limitations and exclusions, including but not limited to:

- Our plan offers both in-network and out-of-network dental coverage
  - Coverage for Supplemental Comprehensive Dental Services may include copayment.
  - You pay \$0 copayment for Supplemental Diagnostic and Preventive Dental services
  - Service limitations apply based on established fee schedule, including type of service, number, and frequency
  - Benefits received out-of-network **are subject to any in-network benefit maximums, limitations and/or exclusions.**
- If you would like to learn more about how your dental coverage relates to your proposed dental treatment and costs, you may ask your dentist to obtain coverage estimate from DentaQuest. If the provider has questions about how to obtain this information, they can contact DentaQuest using the number on the back of your Member ID card.
- In-Network dentists have agreed to provide services at a negotiated rate. If you visit an in-network dentist, you will not receive a bill for charges more than the negotiated fee schedule on covered services (annual maximum still applies).

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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- When you have covered dental services performed at an in-network dentist, the dentist will submit the claim on your behalf.
- Dentists may ask you to sign an informed consent document detailing the risks, benefits, costs, and alternatives to all recommended treatments.
- Out-of-network dentists are not contracted to accept plan payment as payment in full, so they might charge you for more than what the plan pays, even for services listed as \$0 copayment.
  - When you see an out-of-network dentist, often the dentist will submit a claim on your behalf. If they do not, then you can submit it directly using the following instructions:
  - The claim submission must contain the following information:
    - Full member name and member ID number
    - Full provider name and address
    - List of dental services rendered with the corresponding ADA code(s)
    - Proof of payment in the form of an itemized receipt reflecting payment and a zero-patient balance

## **Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)**

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- Mail all required claim information within 365 days from the date of service to:
  - DentaQuest Claims  
PO Box 2906  
Milwaukee, WI 53201-2906
    - or via fax at 262-834-3589
- Payment will be sent to the address listed on your account. To update your address or for assistance with submitting claims, contact Member Services.
- Dental claims are paid within 30 days and an Explanation of Payment (EOP) will accompany check payment.
- Other limitations or exclusions of plan dental coverage are:
  - Procedures used for cosmetic-only reasons (tooth bleaching/whitening, veneers, gingival recontouring), orthodontics, space maintenance, sales tax, charges for failure to keep appointments, dental case management, dental charges related to COVID screening, testing and vaccination, and unspecified procedures by report
  - Services or supplies furnished along with, in preparation for, or as a result of a non-covered service(s)
  - Dental expenses incurred in connection with any dental procedures started prior to your effective date of coverage
    - Services related to congenital anomalies
- Any fees associated with non-covered services are your responsibility

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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**SECTION 3 Services that aren't covered by our plan  
(exclusions)**

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This section tells you what services are excluded from Medicare coverage and therefore, aren't covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either aren't covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you get the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered, and our plan won't not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3.)

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
<b>Cosmetic surgery or procedures</b>	Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member  Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance
<b>Custodial care</b>  Custodial care is personal care that doesn't require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing	Not covered under any condition

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
<p><b>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment, and medications</b></p> <p>Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community</p>	<p>May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan</p> <p>(Go to Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies)</p>
<p><b>Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household</b></p>	<p>Not covered under any condition</p>
<p><b>Full-time nursing care in your home</b></p>	<p>Not covered under any condition</p>
<p><b>Home-delivered meals</b></p>	<p>Not covered under any condition</p>
<p><b>Homemaker services include basic household help, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation</b></p>	<p>Not covered under any condition</p>

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what’s covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
<b>Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet</b>	Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease
<b>Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television</b>	Not covered under any condition
<b>Private room in a hospital</b>	Covered only when medically necessary
<b>Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies</b>	Not covered under any condition
<b>Routine chiropractic care</b>	Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered
<b>Radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids</b>	One pair of eyeglasses with standard frames (or one set of contact lenses) covered after each cataract surgery that implants an intraocular lens.

**Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart  
(what's covered and what you pay)**

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<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
<b>Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards</b>	Not covered under any condition

## **CHAPTER 5: Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

### **SECTION 1 Basic rules for our plan's Part D coverage**

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Go to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for Medicare Part B drug benefits and hospice drug benefits.

Our plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write you a prescription, that's valid under applicable state law.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription (Go to Section 2) or you can fill your prescription through our plan's mail-order service.)
- Your drug must be on our plan's Drug List (go to Section 3).
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the FDA or supported by certain references. (Go to Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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- Your drug may require approval from our plan based on certain criteria before we agree to cover it. (Go to Section 4 in this chapter for more information)

### **SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through our plan’s mail-order service**

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In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they’re filled at our plan’s network pharmacies. (Go to Section 2.5 for information about when we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with our plan to provide your covered drugs. The term “covered drugs” means all the Part D drugs that are on our plan’s Drug List.

#### **Section 2.1 Network pharmacies**

##### **Find a network pharmacy in your area**

To find a network pharmacy, go to your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website ([www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org)), and/or call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

You may go to any of our network pharmacies.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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### **If your pharmacy leaves the network**

If the pharmacy you use leaves our plan's network, you'll have to find a new pharmacy in the network. To find another pharmacy in your area, get help from Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) or use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org).

### **Specialized pharmacies**

Some prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy. For more information, please contact Member Services at 1-800-353-3765.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you have difficulty getting Part D drugs in an LTC facility, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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- Pharmacies that dispense drugs restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. To locate a specialized pharmacy, go to in your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org) or call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

### Section 2.2 Our plan's mail-order service

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail-order service. Generally, the drugs provided through mail order are drugs you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition. The drugs that aren't available through our plan's mail-order service are marked with "NM" in our Drug List.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order **up to a 90-day supply**.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail please go to [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org) or contact Member Services. If you use a mail-order pharmacy not in the plan's network, your prescription will not be covered.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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Usually, a mail-order pharmacy order will be delivered to you in no more than 5-7 business days. However, sometimes your mail order may be delayed. If your provider instructs you to begin taking the medication, you may obtain another prescription from your physician and obtain a 30-day supply from a local pharmacy. You will have to pay the applicable cost-sharing or cost-sharing for both the mail order pharmacy prescription drug you received and the 30-day supply of the prescription drugs you received from your local pharmacy. Please contact Member Services to update your contact information so the pharmacy can reach you to confirm your order before shipping.

### **New prescriptions the pharmacy gets directly from your doctor's office.**

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it gets from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail-order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You can ask for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions at any time by logging in to your [Caremark.com](https://www.caremark.com) account or by calling CVS/Caremark at 1-866-490-2102, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should dial 711.

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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If you get a prescription automatically by mail that you don't want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail order in the past and don't want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, contact us by logging in to your [Caremark.com](https://www.caremark.com) account or by calling CVS/Caremark at 1-866-490-2102, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should dial 711.

If you never used our mail-order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. It's important to respond each time you're contacted by the pharmacy to let them know whether to ship, delay, or cancel the new prescription.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider's office, contact us by logging in to your [Caremark.com](https://www.caremark.com) account or by calling CVS/Caremark at 1-866-490-2102, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should dial 711.

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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**Refills on mail-order prescriptions.** For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for the Automatic Refill Program. Under this program we start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug. The pharmacy will contact you before shipping each refill to make sure you need more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough medication or your medication has changed.

If you choose not to use our auto-refill program but still want the mail-order pharmacy to send you your prescription, contact your pharmacy 29 days before your current prescription will run out. This will ensure your order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of the Automatic Refill Program that automatically prepares mail-order refills, contact us by logging in to your [Caremark.com](https://www.caremark.com) account or by calling CVS/Caremark at 1-866-490-2102, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should dial 711.

If you get a refill automatically by mail that you don't want, you may be eligible for a refund.

### **Section 2.3 How to get a long-term supply of drugs**

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost sharing may be lower. Our plan offers 2 ways to get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply) of maintenance drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.)

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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1. Some retail pharmacies in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org) tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) for more information.
2. You can also get maintenance drugs through our mail-order program. Go to Section 2.3 for more information.

### Section 2.4 Using a pharmacy that's not in our plan's network

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you aren't able to use a network pharmacy. We also have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. **Check first with Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711)** to see if there's a network pharmacy nearby.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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We cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only in these circumstances:

- Prescriptions filled because of a medical emergency

We will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if the prescriptions are related to care for a medical emergency or urgently needed care. In this situation, you will have to pay the full cost (rather than paying just your copayment/coinsurance) when you fill your prescription. You may send us a request for payment. When you send us a request for payment, we will review your request and decide whether the drug should be covered. This is called making a “coverage decision.” If we decide it should be covered, we will pay for our share of the drug cost. If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decision, appeals, complaints) has information about how to make an appeal.

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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- Getting coverage when you travel or are away from the plan's service area

If you take a prescription drug on a regular basis and you are taking a trip, be sure to check your supply of the drug before you leave. When possible, take all the medications you will need with you. You may be able to order your prescription drugs ahead of time through our network mail order pharmacy service or through a mail-order pharmacy service that offers an extended supply. If you are traveling within the United States but outside the plan's service area and you become ill, lose, or run out of prescription drugs, we will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if you follow all other coverage rules identified within this document and a network pharmacy is not available. In these situations, please check first with Member Services to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby.

- If you are unable to get a covered drug in a timely manner within our service area because there are no network pharmacies within a reasonable driving distance that provide 24-hour service.

If you are trying to fill a covered prescription drug in a timely manner and that particular covered drug (for example, an orphan drug or other specialty pharmaceutical typically shipped directly from the manufacturer or special vendor) is not regularly stocked at accessible network or mail-order pharmacies.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you'll generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal cost share) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Go to Chapter 7, Section 2 for information on how to ask our plan to pay you back.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

### **SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on our plan's Drug List**

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#### **Section 3.1 The Drug List tells which Part D drugs are covered**

Our plan has a *List of Covered Drugs* (formulary). In this *Evidence of Coverage*, we call it the **Drug List**.

The drugs on this list are selected by our plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list meets Medicare's requirements and has been approved by Medicare. The Drug List only shows drugs covered under Medicare Part D.

We generally cover a drug on our plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and use of the drug for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is *either*:

- Approved by the FDA for the diagnosis or condition for which it's being prescribed, or

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System.

Go to Chapter 12 for definitions of types of drugs that may be on the Drug List.

### **Drugs that aren't on the Drug List**

Our plan doesn't cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law doesn't allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs. (For more information, go to Section 7.)
- In other cases, we decided not to include a particular drug on the Drug List.
- In some cases, you may be able to get a drug that's not on the Drug List. (For more information, go to Chapter 9.)

### **Section 3.2 5 cost-sharing tiers for drugs on the Drug List**

Every drug on our plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs (lowest cost-sharing tier)
- Tier 2: Generic Drugs
- Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs
- Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drugs

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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- Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs (highest cost-sharing tier)

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in our plan's Drug List. The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6.

### Section 3.3 How to find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List

To find out if a drug is on our Drug List, you have these options:

- Check the most recent Drug List we provided electronically. (The Drug List includes information for the covered drugs most commonly used by our members. We cover additional drugs that aren't included in the Drug List. If one of your drugs isn't listed, visit our website or call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to find out if we cover it.)
- Visit our plan's website ([www.elderpan.org](http://www.elderpan.org)). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- Call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to find out if a particular drug is on our plan's Drug List or ask for a copy of the list.
- Use our plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" ([www.caremark.com](http://www.caremark.com)) to search for drugs on the Drug List to get an estimate of what you'll pay and see if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition. You can also call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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### **SECTION 4 Drugs with restrictions on coverage**

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#### **Section 4.1 Why some drugs have restrictions**

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when our plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to encourage you and your provider to use drugs in the most effective way. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List.

If a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, our plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option.

Note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once on our Drug List. This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider, and different restrictions or cost sharing may apply to the different versions of the drug (for example, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus 2 per day; tablet versus liquid).

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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### Section 4.2 Types of restrictions

**If there's a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider have to take extra steps for us to cover the drug.** Call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to learn what you or your provider can do to get coverage for the drug. **If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception.** We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (Go to Chapter 9.)

#### Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from our plan based on specific criteria before we agree to cover the drug for you. This is called **prior authorization**. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you don't get this approval, your drug might not be covered by our plan. Our plan's prior authorization criteria can be obtained by calling Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) or on our website [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org).

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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### **Trying a different drug first**

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but usually just as effective drugs before our plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, our plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A doesn't work for you, our plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called **step therapy**. Our plan's step therapy criteria can be obtained by calling Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) or on our website [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org).

### **Quantity limits**

For certain drugs, we limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it's normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

## **SECTION 5 What you can do if one of your drugs isn't covered the way you'd like**

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There are situations where a prescription drug you take, or that you and your provider think you should take that isn't on our Drug List has restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or a generic version of the drug may be covered but the brand name version you want to take isn't covered.

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage.
- The drug is covered, but in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost sharing more expensive than you think it should be.

**If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.1 to learn what you can do.**

**If your drug isn't on the Drug List or is restricted, here are options for what you can do:**

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can ask for an **exception** and ask our plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

### **You may be able to get a temporary supply**

Under certain circumstances, our plan must provide a temporary supply of a drug you're already taking. This temporary supply gives you time to talk with your provider about the change.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, the drug you take **must no longer be on our plan's Drug List OR is now restricted in some way.**

- **If you're a new member**, we'll cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first **90 days** of your membership in our plan.

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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- **If you were in our plan last year**, we'll cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first **90 days** of the calendar year.
- This temporary supply will be for a maximum of 30-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we'll allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of 30-day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Note that a long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)
- **For members who've been in our plan for more than 90 days and live in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away:** We'll cover one 31-day supply emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.
  - If you enter a long-term (LTC) facility from the outpatient (home), hospital, or another LTC facility, we will cover a temporary 31-day transition supply (unless you have a prescription written for fewer days) for each of the drugs that is not on our formulary or that have coverage restrictions or limits.
  - If you leave the LTC facility or a hospital, and return to the outpatient (home) setting, we will cover up to a temporary 30-day supply (unless you have a prescription written for fewer days) following the discharge, for each of the drugs that is not on our formulary or that have coverage restrictions or limits.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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For questions about a temporary supply, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

**During the time when you're using a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You have 2 options:**

### **Option 1. You can change to another drug**

Talk with your provider about whether a different drug covered by our plan may work just as well for you. Call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

### **Option 2. You can ask for an exception**

**You and your provider can ask our plan to make an exception and cover the drug in the way you'd like it covered.** If your provider says you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you ask for an exception. For example, you can ask our plan to cover a drug even though it is not on our plan's Drug List. Or you can ask our plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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If you're a current member and a drug you take will be removed from the formulary or restricted in some way for next year, we'll tell you about any change before to the new year. You can ask for an exception before next year and we'll give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement). If we approve your request, we'll authorize coverage for the drug before the change takes effect.

**If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.4 to learn what to do.** It explains the procedures and deadlines set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

### **Section 5.1 What to do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high**

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

#### **You can change to another drug**

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, talk to your provider. There may be a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. Call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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### **You can ask for an exception**

**You and your provider can ask our plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it.** If your provider says you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you ask for an exception to the rule.

**If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.4 for what to do.** It explains the procedures and deadlines set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Tier 5 (Specialty Tier Drugs) are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in this tier.

### **SECTION 6 Our Drug List can change during the year**

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Most changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, our plan can make some changes to the Drug List. For example, our plan might:

- **Add or remove drugs from the Drug List**
- **Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier**
- **Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug**
- **Replace a brand name drug with a generic version of the drug**

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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- Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change our plan's Drug List.

### Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the Drug List occur, we post information on our website about those changes. We also update our online Drug List regularly. Sometimes you'll get direct notice if changes are made to a drug that you take.

### Changes to drug coverage that affect you during this plan year

- **Adding new drugs to the Drug List and immediately removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List.**
  - When adding a new version of a drug to the Drug List, we may immediately remove a like drug from the Drug List, move the like drug to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The new version of the drug will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
  - We'll make these immediate changes only if we add a new generic version of a brand name or add certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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- We may make these changes immediately and tell you later, even if you take the drug that we remove or make changes to. If you take the like drug at the time we make the change, we'll tell you about any specific change we made.
- **Adding drugs to the Drug List and removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List.**
  - When adding another version of a drug to the Drug List, we may remove a like drug from the Drug List, move it to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The new version of the drug will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
  - We'll make these changes only if we add a new generic version of a brand name drug or add certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
  - We'll tell you at least 30 days before we make the change or tell you about the change and cover an 30-day supply-day fill of the version of the drug you're taking.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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- **Removing unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market.**
  - Sometimes a drug can be deemed unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this happens, we may immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you take that drug, we'll tell you after we make the change.
- **Making other changes to drugs on the Drug List.**
  - We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For example, we based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare.
  - We'll tell you at least 30 days before we make these changes or tell you about the change and cover an additional 30-day supply-day fill of the drug you're taking.

If we make changes to any of the drugs you take, talk with your prescriber about the options that would work best for you, including changing to a different drug to treat your condition, or asking for a coverage decision to satisfy any new restrictions on the drug you take. You or your prescriber can ask us for an exception to continue covering the drug or version of the drug you take. For more information on how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception, go to Chapter 9.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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### **Changes to the Drug List that don't affect you during this plan year**

We may make certain changes to the Drug List that aren't described above. In these cases, the change won't apply to you if you're taking the drug when the change is made; however, these changes will likely affect you starting January 1 of the next plan year if you stay in the same plan.

In general, changes that won't affect you during the current plan year are:

- We move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
- We put a new restriction on the use of your drug.
- We remove your drug from the Drug List.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you take (except for market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year.

We won't tell you about these types of changes directly during the current plan year. You'll need to check the Drug List for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes to drugs you take that will impact you during the next plan year.

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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### SECTION 7 Types of drugs we don't cover

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Some kinds of prescription drugs are *excluded*. This means Medicare doesn't pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. If you appeal and the requested drug is found not to be excluded under Part D, we'll pay for or cover it. (For information about appealing a decision, go to Chapter 9.)

Here are 3 general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans won't cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage can't cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan can't cover a drug purchased outside the United States or its territories.
- Our plan can't cover *off-label* use of a drug when the use isn't supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System. *Off-label* use is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the FDA.

In addition, by law, the following categories of drugs aren't covered by Medicare drug plans:

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer requires associated tests or monitoring services be purchased only from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

**If you get Extra Help** to pay for your prescriptions, Extra Help won't pay for drugs that aren't normally covered. If you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (Find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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### SECTION 8 How to fill a prescription

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To fill your prescription, provide our plan membership information (which can be found on your membership card) at the network pharmacy you choose. The network pharmacy will automatically bill our plan for *our* share of your drug cost. You need to pay the pharmacy *your* share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

If you don't have our plan membership information with you, you or the pharmacy can call our plan to get the information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up our plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy can't get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up.** You can then **ask us to reimburse you** for our share. Go to Chapter 7, Section 2 for information about how to ask our plan for reimbursement.

## Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs

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### **SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations**

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#### **Section 9.1 In a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by our plan**

If you're admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by our plan, we'll generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, our plan will cover your prescription drugs as long as the drugs meet all our rules for coverage described in this chapter.

#### **Section 9.2 As a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility**

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy or uses a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all its residents. If you're a resident of an LTC facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy or the one it uses, as long as it's part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org) to find out if your LTC facility's pharmacy or the one it uses is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information or help, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). If you're in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you're able to routinely get your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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If you're a resident in an LTC facility and need a drug that's not on our Drug List or restricted in some way, go to Section 5 for information about getting a temporary or emergency supply.

### **Section 9.3 If you also have drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan**

If you have other drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, contact **that group's benefits administrator**. They can help you understand how your current drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you have employee or retiree group coverage, the drug coverage you get from us will be *secondary* to your group coverage. That means your group coverage pays first.

#### **Special note about creditable coverage:**

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells you if your drug coverage for the next calendar year is creditable.

If the coverage from the group plan is creditable, it means that our plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard drug coverage.

**Keep any notices about creditable coverage** because you may need these notices later to show that you maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get a creditable coverage notice, ask for a copy from your employer or retiree plan's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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### **Section 9.4 If you're in a Medicare-certified hospice**

Hospice and our plan don't cover the same drug at the same time. If you're enrolled in Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., anti-nausea drugs, laxatives, pain medication or anti-anxiety drugs) that aren't covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must get notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in getting these drugs that should be covered by our plan, ask your hospice provider or prescriber to provide notification before your prescription is filled.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover your drugs as explained in this document. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge.

### **SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications**

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We conduct drug use reviews to help make sure our members get safe and appropriate care.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems like:

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you take another similar drug to treat the same condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- Prescriptions for drugs that have ingredients you're allergic to
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you take
- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we'll work with your provider to correct the problem.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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### **Section 10.1 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use opioid medications**

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies, or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescribers to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescribers, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain prescriber(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we'll cover for you

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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If we plan on limiting how you get these medications or how much you can get, we'll send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we'll limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific prescriber or pharmacy. You'll have an opportunity to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we'll send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our decision or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to appeal. If you appeal, we'll review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request about the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we'll automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. Go to Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

You won't be placed in our DMP if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer-related pain or sickle cell disease, you're getting hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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### **Section 10.2 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program to help members manage medications**

We have a program that can help our members with complex health needs. Our program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us to help make sure our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

Some members who have certain chronic diseases and take medications that exceed a specific amount of drug costs or are in a DMP to help them use opioids safely may be able to get services through an MTM program. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. During the review, you can talk about your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary which has a recommended to-do list that includes steps you should take to get the best results from your medications. You'll also get a medication list that will include all the medications you're taking, how much you take, and when and why you take them. In addition, members in the MTM program will get information on the safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

## **Chapter 5 Using plan coverage for Part D drugs**

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It's a good idea to talk to your doctor about your recommended to-do list and medication list. Bring the summary with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Keep your medication list up to date and with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we'll automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, notify us and we'll withdraw you. For questions about this program, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

## **CHAPTER 6: What you pay for Part D drugs**

### **SECTION 1 What you pay for Part D drugs**

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If you're in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this *Evidence of Coverage* about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the *Low-Income Subsidy Rider* or the *LIS Rider*), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) and ask for the *LIS Rider*.

We use “drug” in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. Not all drugs are Part D drugs. Some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information, you need to know what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5 explains these rules. When you use our plan's “Real-Time Benefit Tool” to look up drug coverage ([www.caremark.com](http://www.caremark.com)), the cost you see shows an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you're expected to pay. You can also get information provided by the “Real-Time Benefit Tool” by calling Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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### Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

There are 3 different types of out-of-pocket costs for covered Part D drugs that you may be asked to pay:

- **Deductible** is the amount you pay for drugs before our plan starts to pay our share.
- **Copayment** is a fixed amount you pay each time you fill a prescription.
- **Coinsurance** is a percentage of the total cost you pay each time you fill a prescription.

### Section 1.2 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs

Medicare has rules about what counts and what doesn't count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Here are the rules we must follow to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs.

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#### **These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs**

Your out-of-pocket costs **include** the payments listed below (as long as they are for covered Part D drugs, and you followed the rules for drug coverage explained in Chapter 5):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you're in the following drug payment stages:
  - The Deductible Stage

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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- The Initial Coverage Stage
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare drug plan before you joined our plan
- Any payments for your drugs made by family or friends
- Any payments made for your drugs by Extra Help from Medicare, employer or union health plans, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs), and most charities

### **Moving to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:**

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$2,100 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you move from the Initial Coverage Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

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### **These payments aren't included in your out-of-pocket costs**

Your out-of-pocket costs **don't include** any of these types of payments:

- Your monthly plan premium
- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories
- Drugs that aren't covered by our plan
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that don't meet our plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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- Non-Part D drugs, including prescription drugs and vaccines covered by Part A or Part B and other drugs excluded from coverage by Medicare
- Payments you make toward drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Drug Plan
- Payments for your drugs made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and the Veterans Health Administration (VA)
- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation)
- Payments made by drug manufacturers under the Manufacturer Discount Program

*Reminder:* If any other organization like the ones listed above pays part or all your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you're required to tell our plan by calling Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

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### **Tracking your out-of-pocket total costs**

- The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (EOB) you get includes the current total of your out-of-pocket costs. When this amount reaches \$2,100, the *Part D EOB* will tell you that you left the Initial Coverage Stage and moved to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

## **Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

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- **Make sure we have the information we need.** Go to Section 3.1 to learn what you can do to help make sure our records of what you spent are complete and up to date.

### **SECTION 2 Drug payment stages for Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) members**

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There are **3 drug payment stages** for your drug coverage under Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS). How much you pay for each prescription depends on what stage you're in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. Details of each stage are explained in this chapter. The stages are:

- **Stage 1: Yearly Deductible Stage**
- **Stage 2: Initial Coverage Stage**
- **Stage 3: Catastrophic Coverage Stage**

### **SECTION 3 Your *Part D Explanation of Benefits (EOB)* explains which payment stage you're in**

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Our plan keeps track of your prescription drug costs and the payments you make when you get prescriptions at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you move from one drug payment stage to the next. We track 2 types of costs:

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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- **Out-of-Pocket Costs:** this is how much you paid. This includes what you paid when you get a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, and any payments made for your drugs by Extra Help from Medicare, employer or union health plans, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, charities, and most State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs).
- **Total Drug Costs:** this is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D drugs. It includes what our plan paid, what you paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for your covered Part D drugs.

If you filled one or more prescriptions through our plan during the previous month, we'll send you a *Part D EOB*. The *Part D EOB* includes:

- **Information for that month.** This report gives payment details about prescriptions you filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what our plan paid, and what you and others paid on your behalf.
- **Totals for the year since January 1.** This shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This displays the total drug price, and information about changes in price from first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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- **Available lower cost alternative prescriptions.** This shows information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription claim, if applicable.

### Section 3.1 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here's how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- **Show your membership card every time you get a prescription filled.** This helps make sure we know about the prescriptions you fill and what you pay.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** There are times you may pay for the entire cost of a prescription drug. In these cases, we won't automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, give us copies of your receipts. **Examples of when you should give us copies of your drug receipts:**
  - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or use a discount card that's not part of our plan's benefit.
  - When you pay a copayment for drugs provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
  - Any time you buy covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or pay the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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- If you're billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2.
- **Send us information about the payments others make for you.** Payments made by certain other people and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program, an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.
- **Check the written report we send you.** When you get the *Part D EOB*, look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing or you have questions, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). Be sure to keep these reports.

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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### **SECTION 4 The Deductible Stage**

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The Deductible Stage is the first payment stage for your drug coverage. The deductible doesn't apply to covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines, including shingles, tetanus, and travel vaccines. You'll pay a yearly deductible of \$375 on Tier 4 (Non-Preferred) and Tier 5 (Specialty) drugs. **You must pay the full cost of your Tier 4 (Non-Preferred) and Tier 5 (Specialty) drugs** until you reach our plan's deductible amount. For all other drugs, you won't have to pay any deductible. The **full cost** is usually lower than the normal full price of the drug since our plan has negotiated lower costs for most drugs at network pharmacies. The full cost cannot exceed the maximum fair price plus dispensing fees for drugs with negotiated prices under the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program.

Once you pay \$375 for your Tier 4 (Non-Preferred) and Tier 5 (Specialty) drugs, you leave the Deductible Stage and move on to the Initial Coverage Stage.

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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### SECTION 5 The Initial Coverage Stage

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#### Section 5.1 What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription

During the Initial Coverage Stage, our plan pays its share of the cost of your covered drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment *or* coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

#### Our plan has 5 cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on our plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs (lowest cost-sharing tier). You pay \$0 per month supply of each drug, including each covered insulin on this tier.
- Tier 2: Generic Drugs. You pay \$10 per month supply of each drug, including each covered insulin on this tier.
- Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs. You pay \$47 per month supply for each drug on this tier. You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.
- Tier 4: Non-preferred Drugs. You pay \$100 per month supply for each drug on this tier. You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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- Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs (highest cost-sharing tier).  
You pay 28% per month supply for each drug on this tier.  
You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in our plan's Drug List.

### Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A network retail pharmacy
- A pharmacy that isn't in our plan's network. We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to find out when we'll cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.
- Our plan's mail-order pharmacy

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, go to Chapter 5 and our plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org).

## **Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

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### **Section 5.2 Your costs for a *one-month* supply of a covered drug**

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

The amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on the cost-sharing tier.

Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

**Your costs for a *one-month* supply of a covered Part D drug**

<b>Tier Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail in- network cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31- day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Out-of- network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; go to Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>
<b>Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs</b>	You pay: \$0 copayment. If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$0 copayment. If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$0 copayment. If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

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<b>Tier Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail in- network cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31- day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Out-of- network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; go to Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>
<b>Tier 2: Generic Drugs</b>	You pay: \$10 copayment. If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$10 copayment. If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$10 copayment. If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

<b>Tier Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail in- network cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31- day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Out-of- network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; go to Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>
<b>Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs</b>	You pay: \$47 copayment If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$47 copayment If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$47 copayment If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

<b>Tier Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail in- network cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31- day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Out-of- network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; go to Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>
<b>Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drugs</b>	<p>You pay: \$100 copayment If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost- sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”</p>	<p>You pay: \$100 copayment If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost- sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”</p>	<p>You pay: \$100 copayment If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost- sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”</p>

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

<b>Tier Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail in- network cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31- day supply) Ω</b>	<b>Out-of- network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; go to Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</b>
<b>Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs</b>	You pay: 28% coinsurance If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: 28% coinsurance If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: 28% coinsurance If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

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<p><b>Tier Cost Sharing</b></p>	<p><b>Standard retail in- network cost sharing</b> (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</p>	<p><b>Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing</b> (up to a 31- day supply) Ω</p>	<p><b>Out-of- network cost sharing</b> (Coverage is limited to certain situations; go to Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply) Ω</p>
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Ω – You will not pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each insulin product covered by our plan, no matter the cost-sharing for Part B and D drugs, even if you have not paid your deductible.

Go to Section 8 of this chapter for more information on cost sharing for Part D vaccines.

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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### **Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply**

Typically, the amount you pay for a drug covers a full month's supply. There may be times when you or your doctor would like you to have less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you're trying a medication for the first time). You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense less than a full month's supply, if this will help you better plan refill dates.

If you get less than a full month's supply of certain drugs, you won't have to pay for the full month's supply.

- If you're responsible for coinsurance, you pay a percentage of the total cost of the drug. Since the coinsurance is based on the total cost of the drug, your cost will be lower since the total cost for the drug will be lower.
- If you're responsible for a copayment for the drug, you only pay for the number of days of the drug that you get instead of a whole month. We calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the daily cost-sharing rate) and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you get.

## **Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

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### **Section 5.4 Your costs for a *long-term* (up to a 90-day) supply of a covered Part D drug**

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply). A long-term supply is up to a 90-day supply.

Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

**Your costs for a *long-term* (supply of a covered Part D drug**

<b>Tier</b>  <b>Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail cost sharing (in-network)</b>  (up to a <b>90-day supply</b> ) *†Ω	<b>Mail-order cost sharing</b>  (up to a <b>90-day supply</b> ) *†Ω
<b>Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs</b>	You pay: \$0 copayment  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$0 copayment  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

<b>Tier</b>  <b>Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail cost sharing (in-network)</b>  (up to a <b>90-daysupply</b> ) *†Ω	<b>Mail-order cost sharing</b>  (up to a <i>90-daysupply</i> ) *†Ω
<b>Tier 2: Generic Drugs</b>	You pay: \$30 copayment  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$20 copayment  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

<b>Tier</b>  <b>Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail cost sharing (in-network)</b>  (up to a <b>90-day supply</b> ) *†Ω	<b>Mail-order cost sharing</b>  (up to a <i>90-day supply</i> ) *†Ω
<b>Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs</b>	You pay: \$141 copayment  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$94 copayment  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

<b>Tier</b>  <b>Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail cost sharing (in-network)</b>  (up to a <b>90-day supply</b> ) *†Ω	<b>Mail-order cost sharing</b>  (up to a <i>90-day supply</i> ) *†Ω
<b>Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drugs</b>	You pay: \$300 copayment  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: \$200 copayment  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

**Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

<b>Tier</b>  <b>Cost Sharing</b>	<b>Standard retail cost sharing (in-network)</b>  (up to a <b>90-daysupply</b> ) *†Ω	<b>Mail-order cost sharing</b>  (up to a <i>90-daysupply</i> ) *†Ω
<b>Tier 5: Specialty Drugs</b>	You pay: 28% coinsurance  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”	You pay: 28% coinsurance  If you get “Extra Help” paying for your drugs, you may be eligible for reduced cost-sharing. Please refer to your “Low Income Subsidy (LIS) Rider.”

\*60-Day supply is also available for Standard Retail.

†NDS – Non-Extended Days Supply. Certain Specialty drugs will be limited up to a 30-day supply per fill.

Ω – You will not pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each insulin product covered by our plan, no matter the cost-sharing for Part B and D drugs, even if you have not paid your deductible.

## **Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

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You won't pay more than \$70 for up to a 2-month supply or \$105 for up to a 3-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.

### **Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your out-of-pocket costs for the year reach \$2,100**

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total out-of-pocket costs reach \$2,100. You then move to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

The *Part D EOB* you get will help you keep track of how much you, our plan, and any third parties have spent on your behalf during the year. Not all members will reach the \$2,100 out-of-pocket limit in a year.

We'll let you know if you reach this amount. Go to Section 1.3 for more information on how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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### SECTION 6 The Catastrophic Coverage Stage

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In the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you pay nothing for covered Part D drugs. You enter the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs reach the \$2,100 limit for the calendar year. Once you're in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you'll stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

- During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs.

### SECTION 7 What you pay for Part D vaccines

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**Important message about what you pay for vaccines** – Some vaccines are considered medical benefits and are covered under Part B. Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in our plan's Drug List. Our plan covers most adult Part D vaccines at no cost to you even if you haven't paid your deductible. Go to our plan's Drug List or call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) for coverage and cost-sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are 2 parts to our coverage of Part D vaccines:

- The first part is the cost of **the vaccine itself**.
- The second part is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the administration of the vaccine.)

## **Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

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Your costs for a Part D vaccine depend on 3 things:

**1. Whether the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).**

- Most adult Part D vaccines are recommended by ACIP and cost you nothing.

**2. Where you get the vaccine.**

- The vaccine itself may be dispensed by a pharmacy or provided by the doctor's office.

**3. Who gives you the vaccine.**

- A pharmacist or another provider may give the vaccine in the pharmacy. Or a provider may give it in the doctor's office.

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccine can vary depending on the circumstances and what **drug payment stage** you're in.

- When you get a vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give you the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost. For most adult Part D vaccines, this means you'll be reimbursed the entire cost you paid.
- Other times when you get a vaccine, you pay only your share of the cost under your Part D benefit. For most adult Part D vaccines, you pay nothing.

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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Below are 3 examples of ways you might get a Part D vaccine.

*Situation 1:* You get the Part D vaccine at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states don't allow pharmacies to give certain vaccines.)

- For most adult Part D vaccines, you pay nothing.
- For other Part D vaccines, you pay the pharmacy your coinsurance *OR* copayment for the vaccine itself which includes the cost of giving you the vaccine.
- Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.

*Situation 2:* You get the Part D vaccine at your doctor's office.

- When you get the vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost of the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give it to you.
- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7.

## Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs

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- For most adult Part D vaccines, you'll be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you'll be reimbursed the amount you paid less any coinsurance *OR* copayment for the vaccine (including administration), and less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get Extra Help, we'll reimburse you for this difference.)

*Situation 3:* You buy the Part D vaccine itself at the network pharmacy and take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.

- For most adult Part D vaccines, you pay nothing for the vaccine itself.
- For other Part D vaccines, you pay the pharmacy your coinsurance *OR* copayment for the vaccine itself.
- When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost for this service.
- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7.

## **Chapter 6 What you pay for Part D drugs**

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- For most adult Part D vaccines, you'll be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you'll be reimbursed the amount you paid less any coinsurance for the vaccine administration, and less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get Extra Help, we'll reimburse you for this difference.)

**Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for  
covered medical services or drugs**

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**CHAPTER 7:  
Asking us to pay our share of a bill for  
covered medical services or drugs**

**SECTION 1 Situations when you should ask us  
to pay our share for covered services  
or drugs**

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Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find you pay more than you expected under the coverage rules of our plan, or you may get a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (reimburse you). It's your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Go to Section 2 of this chapter.

## **Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs**

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There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you got or for more than your share of cost sharing. First, try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that doesn't work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We'll look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we'll pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we'll notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you got:

### **1. When you got emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who's not in our plan's network**

Outside the service area, you can get emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. In these cases,

- You're only responsible for paying your share of the cost for emergency or urgently needed services. Emergency providers are legally required to provide emergency care.
- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you get the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you made.

## **Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs**

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- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment you think you don't owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you already made.
  - If the provider is owed anything, we'll pay the provider directly.
  - If you already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we'll determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

### **2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you shouldn't pay**

Network providers should always bill our plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We don't allow providers to add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there's a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We'll contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.

## **Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs**

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- If you already paid a bill to a network provider, but feel you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under our plan.

### **3. If you're retroactively enrolled in our plan**

Sometimes a person's enrollment in our plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out of pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You need to submit paperwork, such as receipts and bills, for us to handle the reimbursement.

### **4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to fill a prescription**

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

## **Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs**

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Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Remember that we only cover out-of-network pharmacies in limited circumstances. Go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to learn about these circumstances. We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the amount we'd pay at an in-network pharmacy.

### **5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have our plan membership card with you**

If you don't have our plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call our plan or look up our plan enrollment information. If the pharmacy can't get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

## **Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs**

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### **6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations**

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find the drug isn't covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on our plan's Drug List, or it could have a requirement or restriction you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

When you send us a request for payment, we'll review your request and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a **coverage decision**. If we decide it should be covered, we'll pay for our share of the cost for the service or drug. If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 has information about how to make an appeal.

**Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for  
covered medical services or drugs**

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**SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or pay a  
bill you got**

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You can ask us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

To make sure you're giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it'll help us process the information faster.
- Download a copy of the form from our website ([www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org)) or call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

**Medical Claims (For Services or Items)**

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

ELDERPLAN, INC.  
CLAIMS DEPARTMENT  
P.O. BOX 73111  
NEWNAN, GA 30271

**Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for  
covered medical services or drugs**

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**Part D Prescription Drug Claims**

You must submit your claim to us within 3 years of the date you received the drug.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to this address:

CVS CAREMARK  
MEDICARE PART D CLAIMS PROCESSING  
P.O. BOX 52066  
PHOENIX, AZ 85072-2066

**SECTION 3 We'll consider your request for payment  
and say yes or no**

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When we get your request for payment, we'll let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we'll consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules, we'll pay for our share of the cost. Our share of the cost might not be the full amount you paid (for example, if you got a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid for a drug is higher than our negotiated price). If you already paid for the service or drug, we'll mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you haven't paid for the service or drug yet, we'll mail the payment directly to the provider.

## **Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services or drugs**

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- If we decide the medical care or drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we won't pay for our share of the cost. We'll send you a letter explaining the reasons why we aren't sending the payment and your right to appeal that decision.

### **Section 3.1 If we tell you that we won't pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal**

If you think we made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we're paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you're asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9.

**Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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**CHAPTER 8:  
Your rights and responsibilities**

**SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and  
cultural sensitivities**

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**Section 1.1** We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, braille, large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Our plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how our plan can meet these accessibility requirements include but aren't limited to, provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. This document is printed in large print for your convenience and available for free in Spanish and Chinese. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We're required to give you information about our plan's benefits in a format that's accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in our plan's network for a specialty aren't available, it's our plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you'll only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in our plan's network that cover a service you need, call our plan for information on where to go to get this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that's accessible and appropriate for you, seeing a women's health specialist or finding a network specialist, call to file a grievance with Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS). You can also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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Su plan debe garantizar que todos los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se brinden de una manera culturalmente competente y sean accesibles para todos los afiliados, incluidos aquellos con dominio limitado del inglés, habilidades limitadas de lectura, discapacidad auditiva o aquellos con diversidad cultural y orígenes étnicos. Los ejemplos de cómo un plan puede cumplir con estos requisitos de accesibilidad incluyen, entre otros, la provisión de servicios de traducción, servicios de interpretación, teletipos o conexión TTY (teléfono de texto o teletipo).

Nuestro plan tiene servicios de interpretación gratuitos disponibles para responder preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés. Este documento está en letra grande y está disponible de forma gratuita en español y chino. También podemos brindarle información en braille, en letra grande u otros formatos alternativos sin costo alguno si lo necesita. Estamos obligados a brindarle información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted. Para obtener información de nosotros de una manera que funcione para usted, llame a Servicios para miembros al 1-800-353-3765, TTY 711.

Se requiere que nuestro plan brinde a las mujeres inscritas la opción de acceso directo a un especialista en salud de la mujer dentro de la red para los servicios de atención médica preventiva y de rutina de la mujer.

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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Si los proveedores de la red del plan para una especialidad no están disponibles, es responsabilidad del plan ubicar proveedores especializados fuera de la red que le brindarán la atención necesaria. En este caso, solo pagará el costo compartido dentro de la red. Si se encuentra en una situación en la que no hay especialistas en la red del plan que cubran un servicio que necesita, llame al plan para obtener información sobre dónde ir para obtener este servicio con costos compartidos dentro de la red.

Si tiene algún problema para obtener información de nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted, consultar a un especialista en salud de la mujer o encontrar un especialista de la red, llame para presentar una queja a Elderplan Ayuda Extra (HMO-POS). Usted también puede presentar una queja ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente a la Oficina de Derechos Civiles al 1-800-368-1019 o TTY 1-800-537-7697.

您的計劃必須確保所有服務（包括臨床和非臨床服務）都以符合文化要求的方式提供，並且所有參與者都可以使用，包括英語水平有限、閱讀能力有限、聽力障礙或具有不同文化背景和種族背景的參與者。計劃如何滿足這些無障礙要求的示例包括但不限於提供筆譯服務、口譯服務、電傳打字機或TTY（文本電話或電傳打字機電話）連接。

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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我們的計劃提供免費口譯服務，可以回答非英語會員的問題。為了您的方便，本文檔以大字體印刷，並以西班牙文和中文免費提供。如果您需要，我們還可以免費為您提供盲文、大字體信息或其他格式。我們需要以適合您的可獲取格式向您提供有關計劃福利的信息。要以適合您的方式從我們這裡獲取信息，請致電會員服務部 1-800-353-3765（TTY 使用者請致電 711）。

我們的計劃需要讓女性參保者可以選擇直接訪問網絡內的女性健康專家，以獲得女性常規和預防性醫療保健服務。

如果計劃網絡中的專業提供者無法提供服務，則計劃有責任找到網絡之外的專業提供者，他們將為您提供必要的護理。在這種情況下，您只需支付網絡內費用分攤。如果您發現自己處於計劃網絡中沒有涵蓋您需要的服務的專家的情況下，請致電計劃以獲取有關在網絡內分攤費用的情況下獲取該服務的信息。

如果您在以適合您的格式從我們的計劃中獲取信息、向女性健康護理專家求診或尋找網絡專家時遇到任何問題，請致電以便向 Elderplan 長老計劃/額外補助計劃 (HMO-POS) 提出申訴。您也可以致電 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 向 Medicare 聯邦醫療保險提出投訴或直接致電民權辦公室 1-800-368-1019 或 TTY 1-800-537-7697。

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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### **Section 1.2 We must ensure you get timely access to covered services and drugs**

You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) *OR* provider in our plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral. We don't require you to get referrals to go to network providers.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from our plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think you aren't getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9 tells what you can do.

### **Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information**

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your personal health information includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practice*, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

### **How do we protect the privacy of your health information?**

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.*
- There are certain exceptions that don't require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - We're required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - Because you're a member of our plan through Medicare, we're required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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### **You can see the information in your records and know how it's been shared with others**

You have the right to look at your medical records held by our plan, and to get a copy of your records. We're allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we'll work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that aren't routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

## **Elderplan, Inc. Notice of Privacy Practices**

EFFECTIVE DATE: 9/1/2020

**THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW HEALTH INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN ACCESS THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.**

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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This notice summarizes the privacy practices of Elderplan Inc. (the “Plan”), its workforce, medical staff, and other health professionals. We may share protected health information (“PHI” or “Health Information”) about you with each other for purposes described in this notice, including for the Plan’s administrative activities.

The Plan is committed to safeguarding the privacy of our members’ PHI. PHI is information which: (1) identifies you (or can reasonably be used to identify you); and (2) relates to your physical or mental health or condition, the provision of health care to you or the payment for that care.

### **OUR OBLIGATIONS**

- We are required by law to maintain the privacy and security of your PHI.
- We will let you know promptly if a breach occurs that may have compromised the privacy or security of your information.
- We must follow the duties and privacy practices described in this notice and give you a copy of it.
- We will not use or share your information other than as described here unless you tell us we can in writing. If you tell us we can, you may change your mind at any time. Let us know in writing if you change your mind.

**Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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**HOW WE MAY USE AND DISCLOSE  
HEALTH INFORMATION**

**The following categories describe different ways that we may use and disclose Health Information. Not every use or disclosure permitted in a category is listed below, but the categories provide examples of the uses and disclosures permitted by law.**

***Payment.*** We may use and disclose Health Information process and pay claims submitted to us by your or by physicians, hospitals and other health care providers for services provided to you. For example, other payment purposes may include the use of Health Information to determine eligibility for benefits, coordination of benefits, collection of premiums, and medical necessity. We may also share your information with another health plan that provides or has provided coverage to you for payment purposes or for detecting or preventing health care fraud and abuse.

***Health Care Operations.*** We may use and disclose Health Information for health care operations, which are administrative activities involved in operating the Plan. For example, we may use Health Information to operate and manage our business activities related to providing and managing your health care coverage or resolving grievances.

***Treatment.*** We may disclose your Health Information with your health care provider (pharmacies, physicians, hospitals, etc.) to help them provide care to you. For example, if you are in the hospital, we may disclose information sent to us by your physician.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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***Appointment Reminders, Treatment Alternatives, and Health-Related Benefits and Services.*** We may use and disclose Health Information to contact you as a reminder that you have an appointment/visit with us or your health care provider. We also may use and disclose Health Information to tell you about treatment options, alternatives, health-related benefits, or services that may be of interest to you.

By providing us with certain information, you expressly agree that the Plan and its business associates can use certain information (such as your home/work/cellular telephone number and your email), to contact you about various matters, such as follow up appointments, collection of amounts owed and other operational matters. You agree you may be contacted through the information you have provided and by use of pre-recorded/artificial voice messages and use of an automatic/predictive dialing system.

***Individuals Involved in Your Care or Payment for Your Care.*** We may disclose Health Information to a person, such as a family member or friend, who is involved in your medical care or helps pay for your care. We also may notify such individuals about your location or general condition, or disclose such information to an entity assisting in a disaster relief effort. In these cases, we will only share the Health Information that is directly relevant to the person's involvement in your health care or payment related to your health care.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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***Personal Representatives.*** We may disclose your Health Information to your personal representative, if any. A personal representative has legal authority to act on your behalf in making decisions related to your health care or care payment. For example, we may disclose your Health Information to a durable power of attorney or legal guardian.

***Research.*** Under certain circumstances, as an organization that performs research, we may use and disclose Health Information for research purposes. For example, a research project may involve comparing the health and recovery of all members who received one medication or treatment to those who received another, for the same condition. Before we use or disclose Health Information for research, the project will go through a special approval process. This process evaluates a proposed research project and its use of Health Information to balance the benefits of research with the need for privacy of Health Information. We also may permit researchers to look at records to help them identify members who may be included in their research project or for other similar purposes.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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*Fundraising Activities.* We may use or disclose your demographic information (e.g., name, address, telephone numbers and other contact information), the dates of health care provided to you, your health care status, the department and physician(s) who provided you services, and your treatment outcome information in contacting you in an effort to raise funds in support of the Plan and other non-profit entities with whom we are conducting a joint fundraising project. We may also disclose your Health Information to a related foundation or to our business associates so that they may contact you to raise funds for us. If we do use or disclose your Health Information for fundraising purposes, you will be informed of your rights to opt-out of receiving further fundraising communications.

### **SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES**

**In addition to the above, we may use and disclose Health Information in the following special circumstances.** We have to meet many conditions in the law before we can share your information for these purposes. For more information see:

[www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/understanding/consumers/index.html](http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/understanding/consumers/index.html).

*As Required by Law.* We will disclose Health Information when required to do so by international, federal, state or local law.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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***To Avert a Serious Threat to Health or Safety.*** We may use and disclose Health Information when necessary to prevent or lessen a serious threat to your health or safety, or the health or safety of the public or another person. Any disclosure, however, will be to someone who we believe may be able to help prevent the threat.

***Business Associates.*** We may disclose Health Information to the business associates that we engage to provide services on our behalf if the information is needed for such services. For example, we may use another company to perform billing services on our behalf. Our business associates are obligated, under contract with us, to protect the privacy of your information and are not allowed to use or disclose any information other than as specified in our contract with them.

***Organ and Tissue Donation.*** If you are an organ donor, we may release Health Information to organizations that handle organ procurement or organ, eye, or tissue transplantation or to an organ donation bank, as necessary, to facilitate organ or tissue donation and transplantation.

***Military and Veterans.*** If you are a member of the armed forces, we may release Health Information as required by military command authorities. We also may release Health Information to the appropriate foreign military authority if you are a member of a foreign military.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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***Workers' Compensation.*** We may disclose Health Information as authorized by and to the extent necessary to comply with laws relating to workers' compensation or similar programs. These programs provide benefits for work-related injuries or illness.

***Public Health Risks.*** We may disclose Health Information for public health activities. These activities generally include disclosures to prevent or control disease, injury or disability; report births and deaths; report child abuse or neglect; report reactions to medications or problems with products; notify people of recalls of products they may be using; track certain products and monitor their use and effectiveness; if authorized by law, notify a person who may have been exposed to a disease or may be at risk for contracting or spreading a disease or condition; and conduct medical surveillance of our facilities in certain limited circumstances concerning workplace illness or injury. We also may release Health Information to an appropriate government authority if we believe a member has been the victim of abuse, neglect or domestic violence; however, we will only release this information if the member agrees or when we are required or authorized by law.

***Health Oversight Activities.*** We may disclose Health Information to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law. These oversight activities include, for example, audits, investigations, inspections, and licensure of our facilities and providers. These activities are necessary for the government to monitor the health care system, government programs, and compliance with civil rights laws.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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***Lawsuits and Legal Actions.*** We may disclose Health Information in response to a court or administrative order, or in response to a subpoena, discovery request, or other lawful process by someone else involved in a legal action, but only if efforts have been made to tell you about the request or to obtain an order protecting the information requested.

***Law Enforcement.*** We may release Health Information if asked by a law enforcement official as follows: (1) in response to a court order, subpoena, warrant, summons or similar process; (2) limited information to identify or locate a suspect, fugitive, material witness or missing person; (3) about the victim of a crime if, under certain limited circumstances, we are unable to obtain the person's agreement; (4) about a death we believe may be the result of criminal conduct; (5) about evidence of criminal conduct on our premises; and (6) in emergency circumstances to report a crime, the location of the crime or victims or the identity, description or location of the person who committed the crime.

***Coroners, Medical Examiners and Funeral Directors.*** We may release Health Information to a coroner or medical examiner. In some circumstances this may be necessary, for example, to determine the cause of death. We also may release Health Information to funeral directors as necessary for their duties.

***National Security and Intelligence Activities.*** We may release Health Information to authorized federal officials for intelligence, counter-intelligence and other national security activities authorized by law.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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***Protective Services for the President and Others.*** We may disclose Health Information to authorized federal officials so they may provide protection to the President, other authorized persons or foreign heads of state or conduct special investigations.

***Inmates or Individuals in Custody.*** In the case of inmates of a correctional institution or that are under the custody of a law enforcement official, we may release Health Information to the appropriate correctional institution or law enforcement official. This release would be made only if necessary (1) for the institution to provide you with health care; (2) to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of others; or (3) for the safety and security of the correctional institution.

***Additional Restrictions on Use and Disclosure:*** Some kinds of Health Information including, but not limited to, information related to alcohol and drug abuse, mental health treatment, genetic, and confidential HIV related information require written authorization prior to disclosure and are subject to separate special privacy protections under the laws of the State of New York or other federal laws, so that portions of this notice may not apply.

In the case of genetic information, we will not use or share your genetic information for underwriting purposes.

If a use or sharing of Health Information described above in this Notice is prohibited or otherwise limited by other laws that apply to us, our policy is to meet the requirements of the more stringent law.

**Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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**USES AND DISCLOSURE REQUIRING  
WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION**

In situations other than those described above, we will ask for your written authorization before using or disclosing personal information about you. For example, we will get your authorization:

- 1) for marketing purposes that are unrelated to your benefit plan,
- 2) before disclosing any psychotherapy notes,
- 3) related to the sale of your Health Information, and
- 4) for other reasons as required by law. For example, state law further requires us to ask for your written authorization before using or disclosing information relating to HIV/AIDS, substance abuse, or mental health information.

You have the right to revoke any such authorizations, except in limited circumstance such as if we have taken action in reliance on your authorization.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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### **YOUR RIGHTS**

**You have the following rights, subject to certain limitations, regarding Health Information that we maintain about you – all requests must be made *IN WRITING*:**

***Right to Request Restrictions.*** You have the right to request a restriction or limitation on the Health Information that we use or disclose for treatment, payment, or health care operations. You have the right to request a limit on the Health Information that we disclose about you to someone who is involved in your care or the payment for your care, like a family member or friend. *We are not required to agree to your request, and we may say “no” if it would affect your care.* If we agree to your request, we will comply with your request unless we need to use the information in certain emergency treatment situations.

***Right to Request Confidential Communications.*** If you clearly state that the disclosure of all or part of your Health Information could endanger you, you have the right to request that we communicate with you in a certain manner or at a certain location other than through our usual means of communication. For example, you can ask that we contact you only by sending mail to a P.O. Box rather than your home address or you may wish to receive calls at an alternate phone number. Your request must be in writing and specify how or where you wish to be contacted.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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***Right to Inspect and Copy.*** You have the right to inspect and receive a copy of your Health Information that we have in our records that is used to make decisions about your enrollment, care or payment for your care, including information kept in an electronic health record. If you want to review or receive a copy of these records, you must make the request in writing. We may charge you a reasonable fee for the cost of copying and mailing the records. We may deny your access to certain information. If we do so, we will give you the reason in writing. We will also explain how you may appeal the decision.

***Please note that there may be a charge for paper or electronic copies of your records.***

***Right to Amend.*** If you feel that Health Information that we have is incorrect or incomplete, you may ask us to amend the information. You have the right to request an amendment for as long as the information is maintained by or for us. You must tell us the reason for your request.

We may deny your request for an amendment to your record. We may do this if your request is not in writing or does not include a reason to support the request. We also may deny your request if you ask us to amend information that:

- we did not create;
- is not part of the records used to make decisions about you;
- is not part of the information which you are permitted to inspect and to receive a copy; or
- is accurate and complete.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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***Right to an Accounting of Disclosures.*** You have the right to request an accounting of certain disclosures of Health Information that we made for a six-year period. The accounting will only include disclosures that were not made for treatment, payment, health care operations, to you, pursuant to authorization, or for “special circumstances” as outlined in this notice. You are entitled to one Accounting of Disclosures at no charge. Subsequent requests within a twelve-month period may be subject to a fee.

***Right to a Paper Copy of This Notice.*** You have the right to a paper copy of this notice. You may ask us to give you a copy of this notice at any time. Even if you have agreed to receive this notice electronically, you are still entitled to a paper copy of this notice. You may obtain a copy of this notice at any time from the Plan’s website: <https://elderplan.org/>

### **HOW TO EXERCISE YOUR RIGHTS**

To exercise any of your rights described in this notice, other than to obtain a paper copy of this notice, you must contact the Plan.

ELDERPLAN  
ATTENTION: REGULATORY COMPLIANCE  
55 WATER STREET, NY 10041  
1-800-353-3765  
TTY: 711

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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### **BREACH NOTIFICATION**

We will keep your Health Information private and secure as required by law. If there is a breach (as defined by law) of any of your Health Information, then we will notify you within 60 days following the discovery of the breach, unless a delay in notification is requested by law enforcement.

### **ELECTRONIC HEALTH INFORMATION EXCHANGE**

The Plan may participate in various systems of electronic exchange of Health Information with other healthcare providers, health information exchange networks and health plans. Your Health Information maintained by the Plan may be accessed by other providers, health information exchange networks and health plans for the purposes of treatment, payment, or health care operations. In addition, the Plan may access your Health Information maintained by other providers, health information exchange networks and health plans for treatment, payment or health care operation purposes but only with your consent.

### **CHANGES TO THIS NOTICE**

We reserve the right to change this notice and to make the revised or changed notice effective for Health Information that we already have as well as any information we receive in the future. The new notice will be available upon request, on our website, and we will mail a copy to you. The notice will contain the effective date on the first page, in the top left-hand corner.

**Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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**COMPLAINTS AND QUESTIONS**

If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with us. To file a complaint with us, contact our Privacy Office at the address listed below. All complaints must be made in writing.

ELDERPLAN  
ATTENTION: REGULATORY COMPLIANCE  
55 WATER STREET  
NEW YORK, NY 10041

You may also file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office for Civil Rights by sending a letter to 200 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201, calling 1-877-696-6775, or visiting [www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/complaints/](http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/complaints/).

We will not retaliate against you if you exercise your right to file a complaint.

If you have any questions about this notice, please contact 1-855-395-9169 (TTY: 711)

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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### Section 1.4 We must give you information about our plan, our network of providers, and your covered services

As a member of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711):

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about our plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers and pharmacies.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.** Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services. Chapters 5 and 6 provide information about Part D drug coverage.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.** Chapter 9 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service or Part D drug isn't covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 9 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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### **Section 1.5 You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your care**

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all your choices.** You have the right to be told about all treatment options recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they're covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. If you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

### **You have the right to give instructions about what’s to be done if you can’t make medical decisions for yourself**

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you’re in this situation. This means, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

Legal documents you can use to give directions in advance of these situations are called **advance directives**. Documents like a **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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### How to set up an advance directive to give instructions:

- **Get a form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, a social worker, or some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to ask for the forms.
- **Fill out the form and sign it.** No matter where you get this form, it's a legal document. Consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies of the form to the right people.** Give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you're going to be hospitalized, and you signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- The hospital will ask whether you signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you didn't sign an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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**Filling out an advance directive is your choice** (including whether you want to sign one if you're in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you signed an advance directive.

### **If your instructions aren't followed**

If you sign an advance directive and you believe that a doctor or hospital didn't follow the instructions in it, you can file a complaint with New York State Department of Health, Hospital Complaint Line at 1-800-804-5447 or Office of Professional Medical Conduct Physician Compliant Line at 1-800-663-6114.

### **Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider decisions we made**

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to ask for coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 9 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do—ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint—**we're required to treat you fairly.**

## **Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities**

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### **Section 1.7 If you believe you're being treated unfairly, or your rights aren't being respected**

If you believe you've been treated unfairly or your rights haven't been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY users call 1-800-537-7697), or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you believe you've been treated unfairly or your rights haven't been respected, *and it's not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you're having from these places:

- **Call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711)**
- **Call your local SHIP** at 1-212-602-4180 Inside the boroughs 1-800-701-0501 Outside of boroughs
- **Call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) (TTY users call 1-877-486-2048)

### **Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights**

Get more information about your rights from these places:

- **Call our plan's Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711)**

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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- **Call your local SHIP** at 1-212-602-4180 Inside the boroughs 1-800-701-0501 Outside of boroughs
- **Contact Medicare**
  - Visit [www.Medicare.gov](http://www.Medicare.gov) to read the publication *Medicare Rights & Protections* (available at: [www.Medicare.gov/publications/11534-medicare-rights-and-protections.pdf](http://www.Medicare.gov/publications/11534-medicare-rights-and-protections.pdf))
  - Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) (TTY users call 1-877-486-2048)

### SECTION 2 Your responsibilities as a member of our plan

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Things you need to do as a member of our plan are listed below. For questions, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what's covered and the rules you need to follow to get covered services.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give details about medical services.
  - Chapters 5 and 6 give details about Part D drug coverage.
- **If you have any other health coverage or drug coverage in addition to our plan, you're required to tell us.** Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you're enrolled in our plan.** Show our plan membership card whenever you get medical care or Part D drugs.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
  - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions you and your doctors agree on.
  - Make sure your doctors know all the drugs you're taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - If you have questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you're responsible for these payments:
  - You must pay our plan premiums.
  - You must continue to pay a premium for your Medicare Part B to stay a member of our plan.

## Chapter 8 Your rights and responsibilities

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- For most of your medical services or drugs covered by our plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug.
- If you're required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must continue to pay the extra amount directly to the government to stay a member of our plan.
- **If you move *within* our plan service area, we need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- **If you move *outside* our plan service area, you can't stay a member of our plan.**
- **If you move, tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).**

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**CHAPTER 9:  
If you have a problem or  
complaint (coverage decisions,  
appeals, complaints)**

**SECTION 1 What to do if you have a problem  
or concern**

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This chapter explains 2 types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints** (also called grievances).

Both processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The information in this chapter will help you identify the right process to use and what to do.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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### **Section 1.1 Legal terms**

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people. To make things easier, this chapter uses more familiar words in place of some legal terms.

However, it's sometimes important to know the correct legal terms. To help you know which terms to use to get the right help or information, we include these legal terms when we give details for handling specific situations.

### **SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized help**

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We're always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we're obligated to honor your right to complain. You should always call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) for help. In some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who isn't connected with us. Two organizations that can help you are:

#### **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you're having. They can also answer questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.

### **Medicare**

You can also contact Medicare for help.

- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit [www.Medicare.gov](http://www.Medicare.gov).

### **SECTION 3 Which process to use for your problem**

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#### **Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?**

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

**Yes.**

Go to **Section 4, A guide to coverage decisions and appeals.**

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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No.

Go to **Section 10, How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.**

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**Coverage decisions and appeals**

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**SECTION 4 A guide to coverage decisions  
and appeals**

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Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems about your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items, and Part B drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services, and Medicare Part B drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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### **Asking for coverage decisions before you get services**

If you want to know if we'll cover medical care before you get it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we'll pay for your medical care. For example, if our plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either you or your network doctor can show that you got a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the *Evidence of Coverage* makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we'll cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think you need.

In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we'll send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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We make a coverage decision whenever we decide what's covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care isn't covered or is no longer covered for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

### **Making an appeal**

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after you get a benefit, and you aren't satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we made. Under certain circumstances, you can ask for an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we properly followed the rules. When we complete the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we'll send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization not connected to us.

- You don't need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we don't fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- Go to **Section 5.4** for more information about Level 2 appeals for medical care.
- Part D appeals are discussed further in Section 6.

If you aren't satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

### **Section 4.1 Get help asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal**

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- **Call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711)**
- **Get free help** from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they need to be appointed as your representative. Call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available at [www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf](http://www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf).)
  - For medical care or Part B drugs, your doctor can ask for a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
  - For Part D drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can ask for a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your Level 1 appeal is denied, your doctor or prescriber can ask for a Level 2 appeal.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** You can name another person to act for you as your representative to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.

## Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

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- If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available at [www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf](http://www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf).) This form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person you want to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
- We can accept an appeal request from a representative without the form, but we can't complete our review until we get it. If we don't get the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal, your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we'll send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer.** You can contact your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you aren't required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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### **Section 4.2 Rules and deadlines for different situations**

There are 4 different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Each situation has different rules and deadlines. We give the details for each of these situations:

- **Section 5:** Medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 6:** Part D drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 7:** How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you're being discharged too soon
- **Section 8:** How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon (*Applies only to these services:* home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which information applies to you, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). You can also get help or information from your SHIP.

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**SECTION 5 Medical care: How to ask for a coverage  
decision or make an appeal**

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**Section 5.1 What to do if you have problems getting  
coverage for medical care or want us to  
pay you back for our share of the cost  
of your care**

Your benefits for medical care are described in Chapter 4 in the Medical Benefits Chart. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B drug. In those cases, we'll explain how the rules for Part B drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you're in any of the 5 following situations:

1. You aren't getting certain medical care you want, and you believe this is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
2. Our plan won't approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe this care is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
3. You got medical care that you believe should be covered by our plan, but we said we won't pay for this care. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
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4. You got and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by our plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**
5. You're told that coverage for certain medical care you've been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**

**Note:** If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, go to Sections 7 and 8. Special rules apply to these types of care.

**Section 5.2 How to ask for a coverage decision**

**Legal Terms:**

A coverage decision that involves your medical care is called an **organization determination**.

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited determination**.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.**

**A standard coverage decision is usually made within 7 calendar days when the medical item or service is subject to our prior authorization rules, 14 calendar days for all other medical items and services, or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet 2 requirements:**

- You may *only ask* for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services you already got).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to regain function.

**If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we'll automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**

**If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we'll decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we don't approve a fast coverage decision, we'll send you a letter that:**

- Explains that we'll use the standard deadlines.
- Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we'll automatically give you a fast coverage decision.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you asked for.

### **Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.**

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

### **Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.**

*For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.*

**This means we'll give you an answer within 7 calendar days after we get your request for a medical item or service that is subject to your prior authorization rules. If your requested medical item or service is not subject to our prior authorization rules, we'll give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we get your request. If your request is for a Part B drug, we'll give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your request.**

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.
- If you believe we *shouldn't* take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. We'll give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 10 for information on complaints.)

*For fast coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe.*

**A fast coverage decision means we'll answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Part B drug, we'll answer within 24 hours.**

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.
- If you believe we *shouldn't* take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. (Go to Section 10 for information on complaints.) We'll call you as soon as we make the decision.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

### **Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.**

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you're going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

### **Section 5.3 How to make a Level 1 appeal**

#### **Legal Terms:**

An appeal to our plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan **reconsideration**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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### **Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.**

**A standard appeal is usually made within 30 calendar days or 7 calendar days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.**

- If you're appealing a decision we made about coverage for care, you and/or your doctor need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we'll give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 5.2.

### **Step 2: Ask our plan for an appeal or a fast appeal**

- **If you're asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **If you're asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for asking for an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.**

### **Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.**

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all the information. We check to see if we followed all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We'll gather more information if needed and may contact you or your doctor.

### ***Deadlines for a fast appeal***

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we get your appeal**. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
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- If you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Part B drug.
- If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we're required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for,** we'll automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it gets your appeal.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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### *Deadlines for a standard appeal*

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we get your appeal. If your request is for a Part B drug you didn't get yet, we'll give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We'll give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
  - If you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.
  - If you believe we shouldn't take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we'll give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (Go to Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
  - If we don't give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we'll send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for,** we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Part B drug.
- **If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal,** we'll automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

### **Section 5.4 The Level 2 appeal process**

#### **Legal Term:**

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It's sometimes called the **IRE**.

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

#### **Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.**

- We'll send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all the information about your appeal.

*If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you'll also have a fast appeal at Level 2.*

- For the fast appeal, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** of when it gets your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.

*If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you'll also have a standard appeal at Level 2.*

- For the standard appeal, if your request is for a medical item or service, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it gets your appeal. If your request is for a Part B drug, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it gets your appeal.

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- If your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.

### **Step 2: The independent review organization gives you its answer.**

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**, we must authorize the medical care coverage within **72 hours** or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we get the decision from the independent review organization for **standard requests**. For **expedited requests**, we have **72 hours** from the date we get the decision from the independent review organization.
- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Part B drug**, we must authorize or provide the Part B drug within **72 hours** after we get the decision from the independent review organization for **standard requests**. For **expedited requests** we have **24 hours** from the date we get the decision from the independent review organization.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means it agrees with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care shouldn't be approved. (This is called **upholding the decision** or **turning down your appeal**.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter that:
  - Explains the decision.
  - Lets you know about your right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
  - Tells you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

### **Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further**

- There are 3 additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of 5 levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

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**Section 5.5 If you're asking us to pay for our share  
of a bill you got for medical care**

Chapter 7 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you got from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

**Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us**

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you're asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we'll check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We'll also check to see if you followed the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- **If we say yes to your request:** If the medical care is covered and you followed the rules, we'll send you the payment for our share of the cost typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days after we get your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we'll send the payment directly to the provider.
- **If we say no to your request:** If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we won't send payment. Instead, we'll send you a letter that says we won't pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

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If you don't agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you're asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

**To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals in Section 5.3.** For appeals concerning reimbursement, note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we get your appeal. If you're asking us to pay you back for medical care you already got and paid for, you aren't allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you asked for to you or the provider within 60 calendar days.

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**SECTION 6 Part D drugs: How to ask for a coverage  
decision or make an appeal**

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**Section 6.1 What to do if you have problems getting  
a Part D drug or you want us to pay you  
back for a Part D drug**

Your benefits include coverage for many prescription drugs. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (Go to Chapter 5 for more information about a medically accepted indication.) For details about Part D drugs, rules, restrictions, and costs go to Chapters 5 and 6. **This section is about your Part D drugs only.** To keep things simple, we generally say *drug* in the rest of this section, instead of repeating *covered outpatient prescription drug* or *Part D drug* every time. We also use the term Drug List instead of *List of Covered Drugs* or formulary.

- If you don't know if a drug is covered or if you meet the rules, you can ask us. Some drugs require you to get approval from us before we'll cover it.
- If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription can't be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

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### **Part D coverage decisions and appeals**

#### **Legal Term:**

An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a **coverage determination**.

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we'll pay for your drugs. This section tells what you can do if you're in any of the following situations:

- Asking to cover a Part D drug that's not on our plan's Drug List. **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to waive a restriction on our plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get, prior authorization criteria, or the requirement to try another drug first). **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier. **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to get pre-approval for a drug. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.4**
- Pay for a prescription drug you already bought. **Ask us to pay you back. Section 6.4**

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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If you disagree with a coverage decision we made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to ask for an appeal.

### **Section 6.2 Asking for an exception**

#### **Legal Terms:**

Asking for coverage of a drug that's not on the Drug List is a **formulary exception**.

Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is a **formulary exception**.

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is a **tiering exception**.

If a drug isn't covered in the way you'd like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an **exception**. An exception is a type of coverage decision.

For us to consider your exception request, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. Here are 3 examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- 1. Covering a Part D drug that's not on our Drug List.** If we agree to cover a drug not on the Drug List, you'll need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 4 (Non-Preferred Drugs. You can't ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug.** Chapter 5 describes the extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our Drug List. If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier.** Every drug on our Drug List is in one of five cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you pay as your share of the cost of the drug.
  - If our Drug List contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s).
  - If the drug you're taking is a biological product you can ask us to cover your drug at a lower cost-sharing amount. This would be the lowest tier that contains biological product alternatives for treating your condition.
  - If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.

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- If the drug you're taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.
- You can't ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5 (Specialty Tier Drugs).
- If we approve your tiering exception request and there's more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you usually pay the lowest amount.

**Section 6.3 Important things to know about asking  
for exceptions**

**Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons**

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons you're asking for an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

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Our Drug List typically includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called **alternative** drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you're asking for and wouldn't cause more side effects or other health problems, we generally won't approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we generally *won't* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

### **We can say yes or no to your request**

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of our plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request, you can ask for another review by making an appeal.

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**Section 6.4 How to ask for a coverage decision,  
including an exception**

**Legal term:**

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited coverage determination**.

**Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.**

**Standard coverage decisions** are made within **72 hours** after we get your doctor's statement. **Fast coverage decisions** are made within **24 hours** after we get your doctor's statement.

***If your health requires it, ask us to give you a fast coverage decision. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet 2 requirements:***

- You must be asking for a drug you didn't get yet. (You can't ask for fast coverage decision to be paid back for a drug you have already bought.)
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- **If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we'll automatically give you a fast coverage decision.**

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- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor or prescriber’s support, we’ll decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we don’t approve a fast coverage decision, we’ll send you a letter that:
  - Explains that we’ll use the standard deadlines.
  - Explains if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we’ll automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
  - Tells you how you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you asked for. We’ll answer your complaint within 24 hours of receipt.

### **Step 2: Ask for a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.**

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to ask us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form*, which is available on our website [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org). Chapter 2 has contact information. To help us process your request, include your name, contact information, and information that shows which denied claim is being appealed.

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You, your doctor (or other prescriber), or your representative can do this. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf. Section 4 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.

- **If you're asking for an exception, provide the supporting statement** which is the medical reasons for the exception. Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary.

**Step 3: We consider your request and give you our answer.**

### ***Deadlines for a fast coverage decision***

- We must generally give you our answer **within 24 hours** after we get your request.
  - For exceptions, we'll give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we don't meet this deadline, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for,** we must provide the coverage we agreed to within 24 hours after we get your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for,** we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We'll also tell you how you can appeal.

### ***Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you didn't get yet***

- We must generally give you our answer **within 72 hours** after we get your request.
  - For exceptions, we'll give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we don't meet this deadline, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it'll be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for,** we must **provide the coverage** we agreed to **within 72 hours** after we get your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for,** we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We'll also tell you how you can appeal.

### ***Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought***

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we get your request.
  - If we don't meet this deadline, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for,** we're also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for,** we'll will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We'll also tell you how you can appeal.

### **Step 4: If we say no to your coverage request, you can make an appeal.**

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the drug coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you're going to Level 1 of the appeals process.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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### **Section 6.5 How to make a Level 1 appeal**

#### **Legal Terms:**

An appeal to our plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan **redetermination**.

A fast appeal is called an **expedited redetermination**.

#### **Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.**

**A standard appeal is usually made within 7 calendar days. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours. If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.**

- If you're appealing a decision, we made about a drug you didn't get yet, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

#### **Step 2: You, your representative, doctor, or other prescriber must contact us and make your Level 1 appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a fast appeal.**

- **For standard appeals, submit a written request or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.

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- **For fast appeals either submit your appeal in writing or call us at (1-800-353-3765).** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **We must accept any written request,** including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Redetermination Request Form*, which is available on our website [www.elderplan.org](http://www.elderplan.org). Include your name, contact information, and information about your claim to help us process your request.
- **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for asking for an appeal.

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- **You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.** You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

### **Step 3: We consider your appeal and give you our answer.**

- When we review your appeal, we take another careful look at all the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

### ***Deadlines for a fast appeal***

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we get your appeal**. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for,** we must provide the coverage we agreed to within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for,** we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

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### ***Deadlines for a standard appeal for a drug you didn't get yet***

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we get your appeal. We'll give you our decision sooner if you didn't get the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so.
  - If we don't give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must provide the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than **7 calendar days** after we get your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

### ***Deadlines for a standard appeal about payment for a drug you already bought***

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we get your request.
  - If we don't meet this deadline, we're required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for,** we're also required to make payment to you within **30 calendar** days after we get your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for,** we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We'll also tell you how you can appeal.

**Step 4: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make *another* appeal.**

- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

### **Section 6.6 How to make a Level 2 appeal**

#### **Legal Term:**

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

**The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare.** It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

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**Step 1: You (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the independent review organization and ask for a review of your case.**

- If we say no to your Level 1 appeal, the written notice we send you will include **instructions on how to make a Level 2 appeal** with the independent review organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the independent review organization.
  - **You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days** from the date on the written notice.
- If we did not complete our review within the applicable timeframe or make an unfavorable decision regarding an **at-risk** determination under our drug management program, we'll automatically forward your request to the IRE.
- We'll send the information about your appeal to the independent review organization. This information is called your **case file**. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

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### **Step 2: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.**

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all the information about your appeal.

#### ***Deadlines for fast appeal***

- If your health requires it, ask the independent review organization for a fast appeal.
- If the organization agrees to give you a fast appeal, the organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** after it receives your appeal request.

#### ***Deadlines for standard appeal***

- For standard appeals, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you didn't get yet. If you're asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 14 calendar days** after it gets your request.

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**Step 3: The independent review organization gives you its answer.**

*For fast appeals:*

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the independent review organization **within 24 hours** after we get the decision from the independent review organization.

*For standard appeals:*

- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request for coverage**, we must **provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the independent review organization **within 72 hours** after we get the decision from the independent review organization.
- **If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request to pay you back** for a drug you already bought, we're required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we get the decision from the independent review organization.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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### **What if the independent review organization says no to your appeal?**

If this organization says no to **part or all of** your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request (or part of your request). (This is called **upholding the decision**. It's also called **turning down your appeal**.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter that:

- Explains the decision.
- Lets you know about your right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you're asking for meets a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you're asking for is too low, you can't make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final.
- Tells you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

### **Step 4: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are 3 additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of 5 levels of appeal).
- If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

### **SECTION 7 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you're being discharged too soon**

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When you're admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all covered hospital services necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will work with you to prepare for the day you leave the hospital. They'll help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you're being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay, and your request will be considered.

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
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**Section 7.1 During your inpatient hospital stay,  
you'll get a written notice from Medicare  
that tells you about your rights**

Within 2 calendar days of being admitted to the hospital, you'll be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you don't get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, call Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) (TTY users call 1-877-486-2048).

**1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it.** It tells you:

- Your right to get Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
- Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you're being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date, so we'll cover your hospital care for a longer time.
- 2. You'll be asked to sign the written notice to show that you got it and understand your rights.**
- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
  - Signing the notice shows *only* that you got the information about your rights. The notice doesn't give your discharge date. Signing the notice **doesn't mean** you're agreeing on a discharge date.
- 3. Keep your copy** of the notice so you have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.
- If you sign the notice more than 2 calendar days before your discharge date, you'll get another copy before you're scheduled to be discharged.
  - To look at a copy of this notice in advance, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can also get the notice online at [www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im](http://www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im).

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
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**Section 7.2 How to make a Level 1 appeal to change  
your hospital discharge date**

To ask us to cover your inpatient hospital services for a longer time, use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process**
- **Meet the deadlines**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) for personalized help. SHIP contact information is available in Chapter 2, Section 3.

**During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal.** It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you. The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts aren't part of our plan.

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
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**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.**

***How can you contact this organization?***

- The written notice you got (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

***Act quickly:***

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge**.
  - **If you meet this deadline**, you can stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
  - **If you don't meet this deadline, contact us.** If you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay the costs* for hospital care you get after your planned discharge date.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- Once you ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we're contacted, we'll give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.
- You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can get a sample notice online at [www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im](http://www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im).

### **Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you can if you want.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that we and the hospital gave them.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you'll get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

**Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.**

### *What happens if the answer is yes?*

- If the independent review organization says *yes*, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You'll have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

### *What happens if the answer is no?*

- If the independent review organization says *no*, they're saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- If the independent review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you get after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

- If the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to *Level 2* of the appeals process.

### **Section 7.3 How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date**

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at its decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
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**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all the information about your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you it's decision.**

*If the independent review organization says yes:*

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you got since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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### *If the independent review organization says no:*

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called upholding the decision.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you want to continue with the review process.

### **Step 4: If the answer is no, you need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going to Level 3.**

- There are 3 additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of 5 levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

## **SECTION 8 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon**

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When you're getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility)**, you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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When we decide it's time to stop covering any of these 3 types of care for you, we're required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we'll stop paying our share of the cost for your care.*

If you think we're ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision.** This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

### **Section 8.1 We'll tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending**

#### **Legal Term:**

**Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.** It tells you how you can ask for a **fast-track appeal.** Asking for a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to ask for a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

- 1. You get a notice in writing** at least 2 calendar days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
  - The date when we'll stop covering the care for you.
  - How to ask for a fast-track appeal to ask us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- 2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you got.** Signing the notice shows *only* that you have got the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it doesn't mean you agree** with our plan's decision to stop care.

### **Section 8.2 How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time**

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you'll need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) for personalized help. SHIP contact information is available in Chapter 2, Section 3.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal.** It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate. The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts aren't part of our plan.

**Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a *fast-track appeal*. You must act quickly.**

### ***How can you contact this organization?***

- The written notice you got (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

### ***Act quickly:***

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal **by noon of the day before the effective date** on the *Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- If you miss the deadline, and you want to file an appeal, you still have appeal rights. Contact the Quality Improvement Organization using the contact information on the *Notice of Medicare Non-coverage*. The name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state may also be found in Chapter 2.

### **Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

#### **Legal Term:**

**Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.** Notice that gives details on reasons for ending coverage.

#### ***What happens during this review?***

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you can if you want.
- The independent review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information our plan gives them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you'll get the *Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage* from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need; the reviewers will tell you it's decision.**

### *What happens if the reviewers say yes?*

- If the reviewers say *yes* to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it's medically necessary.**
- You'll have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

### *What happens if the reviewers say no?*

- If the reviewers say *no*, then **your coverage will end on the date we told you.**
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, **you'll have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.**

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

- If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

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**Section 8.3 How to make a Level 2 appeal to  
have our plan cover your care for  
a longer time**

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all the information about your appeal.

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
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**Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you it's decision.**

*What happens if the independent review organization says yes?*

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it's medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

*What happens if the independent review organization says no?*

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you want to continue with the review process. It will give you details about how to go to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**Step 4: If the answer is no, you'll need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are 3 additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of 5 levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

### **SECTION 9 Taking your appeal to Levels 3, 4, and 5**

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#### **Section 9.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Requests**

This section may be right for you if you made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals were turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you can't appeal any further. The written response you get to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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For most situations that involve appeals, the last 3 levels of appeal work in much the same way as the first 2 levels. Here's who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

### **Level 3 appeal**

An **Administrative Law Judge** or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that's favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after we get the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we'll send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you don't want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

### **Level 4 appeal**

The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We'll decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after getting the Council's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we'll let you know in writing.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you don't want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

### **Level 5 appeal**

A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

### **Section 9.2 Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Part D Drug Requests**

This section may be right for you if you made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals were turned down.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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If the value of the drug you appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you can't appeal any further. The written response you get to your Level 2 appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last 3 levels of appeal work in much the same way as the first 2 levels. Here's who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

### **Level 3 appeal**

**An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.**

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we get the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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- If you don't want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

### **Level 4 appeal**

The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Council **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we get the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you don't want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal. It will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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### **Level 5 appeal**

A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

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## **Making complaints**

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### **SECTION 10 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns**

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#### **Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?**

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems about quality of care, waiting times, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

<b>Complaint</b>	<b>Example</b>
<b>Quality of your medical care</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you got (including care in the hospital)?</li></ul>
<b>Respecting your privacy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?</li></ul>

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
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<b>Complaint</b>	<b>Example</b>
<b>Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</li><li>• Are you unhappy with our Member Services?</li><li>• Do you feel you're being encouraged to leave our plan?</li></ul>
<b>Waiting times</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</li><li>• Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at our plan?<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room, or getting a prescription.</li></ul></li></ul>
<b>Cleanliness</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?</li></ul>
<b>Information you get from us</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Did we fail to give you a required notice?</li><li>• Is our written information hard to understand?</li></ul>

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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<b>Complaint</b>	<b>Example</b>
<p><b>Timeliness</b> (These types of complaints are all about the <i>timeliness</i> of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)</p>	<p>If you asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think we aren't responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• You asked us for a <i>fast coverage decision</i> or a <i>fast appeal</i>, and we said no; you can make a complaint.</li><li>• You believe we aren't meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint.</li><li>• You believe we aren't meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services or drugs that were approved; you can make a complaint.</li><li>• You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.</li></ul>

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**Section 10.2 How to make a complaint**

**Legal Terms:**

A **complaint** is also called a **grievance**.

**Making a complaint** is called **filing a grievance**.

**Using the process for complaints** is called **using the process for filing a grievance**.

A **fast complaint** is called an **expedited grievance**.

**Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.**

- **Calling Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) is usually the first step.** If there's anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- **If you don't want to call (or you called and weren't satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we'll respond to your complaint in writing.

## Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

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- Our Plan accepts grievances orally or in writing. Grievances must be submitted to us within 60 calendar days after the event or incident that precipitated (led to) the grievance. Once we receive your grievance, we will look into your concerns, including obtaining any additional information necessary to fully review your grievance. In some circumstances, you may want to file a fast (“expedited”) grievance. The circumstances in which you may want to file a fast grievance are when you want to complain about one of the following:
  - We extend the time to make a decision on your request for services or appeal; or
  - If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” we will automatically give you a “fast” complaint and (for Part D only) you have not yet obtained the drug. If you have a “fast” complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
- The **deadline** for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

## **Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.**

- **If possible, we'll answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- **Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we'll tell you in writing.
- **If you're making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we'll automatically give you a fast complaint.** If you have a fast complaint, it means we'll give you **an answer within 24 hours.**
- **If we don't agree** with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you're complaining about, we'll include our reasons in our response to you.

**Chapter 9 If you have a problem or complaint  
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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**Section 10.3 You can also make complaints about  
quality of care to the Quality  
Improvement Organization**

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you have  
2 extra options:

- **You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.** The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

*Or*

- **You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.**

**Section 10.4 You can also tell Medicare about  
your complaint**

You can submit a complaint about Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to [www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint](http://www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users call 1-877-486-2048.

## **CHAPTER 10: Ending membership in our plan**

### **SECTION 1 Ending your membership in our plan**

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Ending your membership in Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you decide you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 give information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we're required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you're leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and prescription drugs, and you'll continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

## Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan

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### SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

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#### Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Open Enrollment Period

You can end your membership in our plan during the **Open Enrollment Period** each year. During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- **The Open Enrollment Period** is from **October 15 to December 7**.
- **Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year.** If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan, with or without drug coverage,
  - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare drug plan, or
  - Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare drug plan.
    - If you choose this option and receive Extra Help, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you opt out of automatic enrollment.

## **Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan**

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**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 or more days in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

- **Your membership will end in our plan** when your new plan's coverage starts on January 1.

### **Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**

You can make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** each year.

- **The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** is from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in an MA plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement.
- **During the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** you can:
  - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without drug coverage.
  - Disenroll from our plan and get coverage through Original Medicare. If you switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare drug plan at the same time.

## Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan

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- **Your membership will end** on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan, or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will start the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

### **Section 2.3 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period**

In certain situations, members of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

**You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period** if any of the following situations apply. These are just examples. For the full list you can contact our plan, call Medicare, or visit [www.Medicare.gov](http://www.Medicare.gov).

- Usually, when you move
- If you have Medicaid
- If you're eligible for Extra Help paying for Medicare drug coverage
- If we violate our contract with you
- If you're getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital

## Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan

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- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)

**Note:** If you're in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

**Enrollment time periods vary** depending on your situation.

**To find out if you're eligible for a Special Enrollment Period**, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you're eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without drug coverage,
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare drug plan, or
- Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare drug plan.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

- **Your membership will usually end** on the first day of the month after we get your request to change our plan.

## **Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan**

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- **If you get Extra Help from Medicare to pay your drugs coverage costs:** If you switch to Original Medicare and don't enroll in a separate Medicare drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you opt out of automatic enrollment.

### **Section 2.4 Get more information about when you can end your membership**

If you have questions about ending your membership you can:

- **Call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711)**
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2026* handbook
- Call **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048

**Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan**

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**SECTION 3 How to end your membership in our plan**

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The table below explains how you can end your membership in our plan.

<b>To switch from our plan to:</b>	<b>Here's what to do:</b>
<b>Another Medicare health plan</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Enroll in the new Medicare health plan.</li><li>• You'll automatically be disenrolled from Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) when your new plan's coverage starts.</li></ul>

**Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan**

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<b>To switch from our plan to:</b>	<b>Here's what to do:</b>
<b>Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare drug plan</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Enroll in the new Medicare drug plan.</li><li>• You'll automatically be disenrolled from Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) when your new drug plan's coverage starts.</li><li>• <b>Send us a written request to disenroll.</b> Call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) if you need more information on how to do this.</li><li>• You can also call <b>Medicare</b> at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.</li><li>• You'll be disenrolled from Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) when your coverage in Original Medicare starts.</li></ul>

## **Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan**

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### **SECTION 4    Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services, and drugs through our plan**

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Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage starts, you must continue to get your medical services, items, and prescription drugs through our plan.

- **Continue to use our network providers to get medical care.**
- **Continue to use our network pharmacies or mail order to get your prescriptions filled.**
- **If you're hospitalized on the day your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you're discharged** (even if you're discharged after your new health coverage starts).

### **SECTION 5    Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) must end our plan membership in certain situations**

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**Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) must end your membership in our plan if any of the following happen:**

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B
- If you move out of our service area
- If you're away from our service area for more than 6 months

## Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan

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- If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) to find out if the place you're moving or traveling to is in our plan's area
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison)
- If you're no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States
- If you lie or withhold information about other insurance, you have that provides prescription drug coverage
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you're enrolling in our plan, and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We can't make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that's disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We can't make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We can't make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

## **Chapter 10 Ending membership in our plan**

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- If you're required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you don't pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you'll lose drug coverage.

If you have questions or want more information on when we can end your membership, call Member Services at 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711).

### **Section 5.1 We can't ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason**

Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) isn't allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

#### **What should you do if this happens?**

If you feel you're being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

### **Section 5.2 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan**

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

## Chapter 11 Legal notices

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# CHAPTER 11: Legal notices

## SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

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The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, (CMS). In addition, other federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws aren't included or explained in this document.

## SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination

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**We don't discriminate** based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage Plans, like our plan, must obey federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

## **Chapter 11 Legal notices**

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If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at [www.HHS.gov/ocr/index.html](http://www.HHS.gov/ocr/index.html).

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, call us at Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

### **SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights**

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We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any state laws.

**Chapter 11 Legal notices**

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**SECTION 4 Notice about Limited Right  
of Subrogation**

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Under federal law, Elderplan retains a limited right of subrogation under this contract. This means that if (1) you are injured by the actions or inactions of a third party (that is, a person who or company which is not a party to the contract), (2) you sue and (3) you receive the money from that party (or the third party's insurance company) in settlement of your suit or because you won the lawsuit in court or in arbitration or in an alternative form of dispute resolution, then Elderplan is entitled to recover the amount, it paid for your medical care, including, but not limited to, hospital expenses, doctors' fees, nurses' charges, home health services, tests, medications and other related expenses. You agree to notify Elderplan if you sue any third party for an injury. Elderplan retains the right to file a lien against you to recover the costs of related medical expenses incurred by Elderplan from any money you may receive from the third party that you sue. Whether or not Elderplan files such a lien, you agree to reimburse Elderplan, from any money you receive from the third party, for the cost of medical care and services provided to you related to the injury.

## **CHAPTER 12: Definitions**

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center doesn't exceed 24 hours.

**Appeal** – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already got. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you're getting.

**Balance Billing** – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than our plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS), you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We don't allow providers to **balance bill** or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing our plan says you must pay.

## Chapter 12 Definitions

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**Benefit Period** – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't gotten any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

**Biological Product** – A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and can't be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. (go to “**Original Biological Product**” and “**Biosimilar**”).

**Biosimilar** – A biological product that's very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars are as safe and effective as the original biological product. Some biosimilars may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription (go to “**Interchangeable Biosimilar**”).

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Brand Name Drug** – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

**Catastrophic Coverage Stage** – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit that begins when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$2,100 for Part D covered drugs during the covered year. During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** – The federal agency that administers Medicare.

**Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan (C-SNP)** – C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible people who have specific severe and chronic diseases.

**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs after you pay any deductibles.

## Chapter 12 Definitions

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**Complaint** - The formal name for making a complaint is **filing a grievance**. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems about quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you get. It also includes complaints if our plan doesn't follow the time periods in the appeal process.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Copayment (or copay)** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

**Cost Sharing** – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are gotten. (This is in addition to our plan's monthly premium.) Cost sharing includes any combination of the following 3 types of payments: 1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; 2) any fixed copayment amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is gotten; or 3) any coinsurance amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is gotten.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Cost-Sharing Tier** – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of five cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

**Coverage Determination** – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by our plan and the amount, if any, you're required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under our plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to our plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called **coverage decisions** in this document.

**Covered Drugs** – The term we use to mean all the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

**Covered Services** – The term we use to mean all the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

**Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage** – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

## Chapter 12 Definitions

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**Custodial Care** – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you don't need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

**Daily cost-sharing rate** – A daily cost-sharing rate may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you're required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in our plan is 30 days, then your daily cost-sharing rate is \$1 per day.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan pays.

**Disenroll or Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

**Dispensing Fee** – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription, such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP)** – D-SNPs enroll people who are entitled to both Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (Title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the person’s eligibility.

**Dually Eligible Individual** – A person who is eligible for Medicare and Medicaid coverage.

**Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you’re a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Emergency Care** – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

## Chapter 12 Definitions

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### **Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information –**

This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

**Exception** – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that isn't on our formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also ask for an exception if our plan requires you to try another drug before getting the drug you're asking for, if our plan requires a prior authorization for a drug and you want us to waive the criteria restriction, or if our plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you're asking for (a formulary exception).

**Extra Help** – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

**Generic Drug** – A prescription drug that's approved by the FDA as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a generic drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

**Grievance** - A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers, or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This doesn't involve coverage or payment disputes.

## Chapter 12 Definitions

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**Home Health Aide** – A person who provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

**Hospice** - A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. Our plan must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums, you're still a member of our plan. You can still get all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

**Hospital Inpatient Stay** – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

**Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)** – If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people won't not pay a higher premium.

**Initial Coverage Stage** – This is the stage before your out-of-pocket costs for the year have reached the out-of-pocket threshold amount.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you're first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

**Institutional Special Needs Plan (I-SNP)** – I-SNPs restrict enrollment to MA eligible people who live in the community but need the level of care a facility offers, or who live (or are expected to live) for at least 90 days straight in certain long-term facilities. I-SNPs include the following types of plans: Institutional-equivalent SNPs (IE-SNPs) Hybrid Institutional SNPs (HI-SNPs), and Facility-based Institutional SNPs (FI-SNPs).

**Institutional-Equivalent Special Needs Plan (IE-SNP)** – An IE-SNP restricts enrollment to MA eligible people who live in the community but need the level of care a facility offers.

**Interchangeable Biosimilar** – A biosimilar that may be used as a substitute for an original biosimilar product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements about the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

**List of Covered Drugs (formulary or Drug List)** – A list of prescription drugs covered by our plan.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Low Income Subsidy (LIS)** – Go to Extra Help.

**Manufacturer Discount Program** – A program under which drug manufacturers pay a portion of our plan’s full cost for covered Part D brand name drugs and biologics. Discounts are based on agreements between the federal government and drug manufacturers.

**Maximum Fair Price** – The price Medicare negotiated for a selected drug.

**Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – The most that you pay out of pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for our plan premiums, Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs don’t count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

**Medically Accepted Indication** – A use of a drug that is either approved by the FDA or supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information system.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Medically Necessary** – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

**Medicare** – The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

**Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** – The time period from January 1 to March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan or get coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after a person is first eligible for Medicare.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan** – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be i) an HMO, ii) a PPO, iii) a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or iv) a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services doesn't include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental, or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

**Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in our plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

**Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program** – A Medicare Part D program for complex health needs provided to people who meet certain requirements or are in a Drug Management Program. MTM services usually include a discussion with a pharmacist or health care provider to review medications.

**Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy** – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill *gaps* in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Member Services** – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

**Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that contracts with our plan where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

## Chapter 12 Definitions

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**Network Provider – Provider** is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called **plan providers**.

**Open Enrollment Period** – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

**Organization Determination** – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called coverage decisions in this document.

**Original Biological Product** – A biological product that has been approved by the FDA and serves as the comparison for manufacturers making a biosimilar version. It is also called a reference product.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-Service Medicare)** – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has 2 parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies aren't covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** – A provider or facility that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that aren't employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – Go to the definition for cost sharing above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs gotten is also referred to as the member's out-of-pocket cost requirement.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Out-of-Pocket Threshold** – The maximum amount you pay out of pocket for Part D drugs.

**Part C** – Go to Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

**Part D Drugs** – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. Certain categories of drugs have been excluded as covered Part D drugs by Congress. Certain categories of Part D drugs must be covered by every plan.

**Part D Late Enrollment Penalty** – An amount added to your monthly plan premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that's expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you're first eligible to join a Part D plan.

## Chapter 12 Definitions

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**Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan** – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they're received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are gotten from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services gotten from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both in-network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

**Preventive services** – Health care to prevent illness or detect illness at an early stage, when treatment is likely to work best (for example, preventive services include Pap tests, flu shots, and screening mammograms).

**Primary Care Provider (PCP)** – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Prior Authorization** – Approval in advance to get services and/or certain drugs based on specific criteria. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary and our criteria are posted on our website.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics** – Medical devices including, but not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

**Quantity Limits** – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of a drug for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

## Chapter 12 Definitions

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**“Real-Time Benefit Tool”** – A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific formulary and benefit information. This includes cost-sharing amounts, alternative formulary medications that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (Prior Authorization, Step Therapy, Quantity Limits) that apply to alternative medications.

**Referral** – A written order from your primary care doctor for you to visit a specialist or get certain medical services. Without a referral, our plan may not pay for services from a specialist.

**Rehabilitation Services** – These services include inpatient rehabilitation care, physical therapy (outpatient), speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

**Selected Drug** – A drug covered under Part D for which Medicare negotiated a Maximum Fair Price.

**Service Area** – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. Our plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of our plan’s service area.

**Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care** – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Special Enrollment Period** – A set time when members can change their health or drug plan or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you're getting Extra Help with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

**Special Needs Plan** – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who live in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

**Step Therapy** – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we'll cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits aren't the same as Social Security benefits.

## **Chapter 12 Definitions**

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**Urgently Needed Services** – A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that’s not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you’re temporarily outside our plan’s service area, or it’s unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically necessary routine provider visits (like annual checkups) aren’t considered urgently needed even if you’re outside our plan’s service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

## Elderplan Extra Help (HMO-POS) Member Services

<b>Method</b>	<b>Member Services – Contact Information</b>
<b>Call</b>	1-800-353-3765  Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.  Member Services 1-800-353-3765 (TTY users call 711) also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
<b>TTY</b>	711  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week.
<b>Fax</b>	718-759-3643
<b>Write</b>	ELDERPLAN, INC. ATTN: MEMBER SERVICES 55 WATER STREET NEW YORK, NY 10041
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.elderplan.org">http://www.elderplan.org</a>

The Office for the Aging Health Insurance Information, Counseling and Assistance Program (HIICAP): (New York State SHIP)

HIICAP is a state program that gets money from the federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Contact Information</b>
<b>Call</b>	1-212-602-4180 Inside the boroughs 1-800-701-0501 Outside of boroughs  Nassau County: (516) 227-8900 Available 8 am to 4 pm, Monday through Friday  Putnam County: (845) 808-1700 Available 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday  Westchester County: (914) 813-6400 Available 8:30 am to 5 pm, Monday through Friday
<b>TTY</b>	711 or (212) 504-4115  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulty hearing or speaking.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Contact Information</b>
<b>Write</b>	<p>NEW YORK CITY  HIICAP  2 LAFAYETTE STREET, 9TH FLOOR  NEW YORK, NY 10007</p> <p>NASSAU COUNTY  OFFICE OF THE AGING  60 CHARLES LINDBERGH BLVD  UNIONDALE, NY 11553-3691</p> <p>PUTNAM COUNTY  PUTNAM COUNTY OFFICE FOR SENIOR  RESOURCES  110 OLD ROUTE 6, BUILDING #1  CARMEL, NEW YORK 10512</p> <p>WESTCHESTER COUNTY  DEPARTMENT OF SENIOR PROGRAMS  &amp; SERVICES  9 SOUTH FIRST AVENUE, 10TH FLOOR  MT. VERNON, NY 10550</p>
<b>Website</b>	<p><a href="https://aging.ny.gov/health-insurance-information-counseling-and-assistance-programs">https://aging.ny.gov/  health-insurance-information-counseling-and-  assistance-programs</a></p>

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**Elderplan, Inc.**  
**Notice of Nondiscrimination – Discrimination is Against the Law**

Elderplan/HomeFirst complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. Elderplan, Inc. does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. Elderplan/HomeFirst.:

- Provides free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us, such as:
  - Qualified sign language interpreters
  - Written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats)
  
- Provides free language services to people whose primary language is not English, such as:
  - Qualified interpreters
  - Information written in other languages

If you need these services, contact Civil Rights Coordinator. If you believe that Elderplan/HomeFirst has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you may file a grievance with:

Elderplan, Inc.  
ATTN Civil Rights Coordinator  
55 Water Street, 46<sup>th</sup> Floor  
New York NY 10041

Phone: 1-877-326-9978, TTY 711  
Fax: 1-718-759-3643

You may file a grievance in person or by mail, phone, or fax. If you need help filing a grievance, Civil Rights Coordinator, is available to help you.

You may also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at <https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf>, or by mail or phone at:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  
200 Independence Avenue, SW, Room 509F, HHH Building  
Washington, D.C. 20201  
1-800-368-1019, 1-800-537-7697 (TDD)

Complaint forms are available at <http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html>.

Notice of Availability of Language Assistance Services and Auxiliary Aids and Services  
45 CFR 92.11

**English:** Elderplan, Inc. complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. ATTENTION: If you speak a non-English language or require interpretation assistance, language assistance services and appropriate auxiliary aids are available to you free of charge. If you need these services or have questions about our plan, call 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

**Spanish:** Elderplan, Inc. cumple con las leyes federales de derechos civiles aplicables y no discrimina por motivos de raza, color, nacionalidad, edad, discapacidad o sexo. ATENCIÓN: Si usted habla en un idioma que no es inglés o requiere asistencia de interpretación, tiene a su disposición servicios de asistencia lingüística y las ayudas auxiliares adecuadas de forma gratuita. Si necesita estos servicios o tiene preguntas sobre nuestro plan, llame al 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

**Chinese:** Elderplan, Inc. 遵守適用的聯邦民權法律規定，不因種族、膚色、民族血統、年齡、殘障情況或性別而歧視任何人。請注意：如果您說英語以外的語言或需要口譯協助，我們將免費為您提供語言協助服務和適當的輔助工具。如果您需要這些服務或對我們的計劃有疑問，請致電 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711)。

**Albanian:** Elderplan, Inc. u përmbahet ligjeve të zbatueshme federale për të drejtat civile, ndaj nuk ju diskriminon në bazë të racës, ngjyrës, origjinës kombëtare, moshës, aftësive të kufizuara ose seksit. VËMENDJE: Nëse flisni një gjuhë tjetër që nuk është anglisht ose nëse keni nevojë për shërbime përkthimi, për ju ofrohen falas shërbime të ndihmës gjuhësore dhe mjete ndihmëse të përshtatshme. Nëse keni nevojë për këto shërbime ose nëse keni pyetje rreth planit tonë, telefononi 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

#### Arabic

لقوانين الحقوق المدنية الفيدرالية المعمول بها ولا تميّز على أساس العرق أو اللون أو الأصل Elderplan Inc. تمتثل القومي أو العمر أو الإعاقة أو الجنس. تنبيه: إذا كنت تتحدث لغة غير الإنجليزية أو تحتاج إلى مساعدة في الترجمة الفورية، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية والمساعدات المعينة المناسبة متاحة لك مجانًا. إذا كنت بحاجة إلى هذه الخدمات أو كانت لديك أسئلة حول خطتنا، فاتصل بالرقم 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

**Bengali:** Elderplan, Inc. প্রযোজ্য ফেডারেল নাগরিক অধিকার আইন মেনে চলে এবং জাতি, বর্ণ, জাতীগত উৎপত্তি, বয়স, অক্ষমতা বা লিঙ্গের ভিত্তিতে বৈষম্য করে না। লক্ষ্য করুন: যদি আপনি ইংরেজি ছাড়া অন্য কোনো ভাষায় কথা বলেন বা দোভাষী সহায়তার প্রয়োজন হয়, আপনার জন্য বিনামূল্যে ভাষা সহায়তা পরিষেবা এবং প্রয়োজনীয় সহায়ক উপকরণ উপলব্ধ আছে। আপনার যদি এই পরিষেবাগুলির প্রয়োজন হয় বা আমাদের পরিকল্পনা সম্পর্কে প্রশ্ন থাকে তবে 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711) নম্বরে ফোন করুন।

**French:** Elderplan, Inc. se conforme aux lois fédérales applicables en matière de droits civils et ne fait aucune discrimination fondée sur la race, la couleur, l'origine nationale, l'âge, le handicap ou le sexe. ATTENTION : Si vous parlez une langue autre que l'anglais ou si vous avez besoin d'une assistance d'interprétation, des services d'assistance linguistique et des aides auxiliaires appropriées sont à votre disposition gratuitement. Si vous avez besoin de ces services ou si vous avez des questions sur notre régime d'assurance maladie, appelez le 1-800-353-3765 (TTY : 711).

**German:** Elderplan, Inc. hält alle geltenden Bundesbürgerrechtsgesetze ein und diskriminiert nicht aufgrund von Ethnie, Hautfarbe, nationaler Herkunft, Alter, Behinderung oder Geschlecht. HINWEIS: Wenn Sie eine andere als die englische Sprache sprechen oder einen Dolmetscher benötigen, stehen Ihnen Sprachassistentendienste und geeignete Hilfsmittel kostenlos zur Verfügung. Falls Sie solche Dienste benötigen oder Fragen zu unserem Plan haben, rufen Sie uns bitte unter der Nummer +1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711) an.

**Greek:** Η Elderplan, Inc. συμμορφώνεται με τους ισχύοντες ομοσπονδιακούς νόμους περί πολιτικών δικαιωμάτων και δεν κάνει διακρίσεις με βάση τη φυλή, το χρώμα, την εθνική καταγωγή, την ηλικία, την αναπηρία ή το φύλο. ΠΡΟΣΟΧΗ: Αν μιλάτε άλλη γλώσσα εκτός από τα αγγλικά ή χρειάζεστε τη βοήθεια διερμηνείας, παρέχονται δωρεάν υπηρεσίες γλωσσικής υποστήριξης και κατάλληλα βοηθητικά μέσα. Εάν χρειάζεστε αυτές τις υπηρεσίες ή έχετε ερωτήσεις σχετικά με το πρόγραμμά μας, καλέστε στο 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

**Haitian Creole:** Elderplan, Inc. konfòme l avèk lwa Federal sou dwa sivil ki aplikab yo epi li pa fè diskriminasyon sou baz ras, koulè, orijin nasyonal, laj, andikap oswa sèks. ATANSYON: Si ou pale yon lang ki pa Angle oswa ou bezwen asistans entèprèt, sèvis asistans lang ak èd oksilyè ki apwopriye yo disponib pou ou gratis. Si ou bezwen sèvis sa yo oswa ou gen kesyon sou plan nou an, rele 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

**Hindi:** Elderplan, Inc. लागू संघीय नागरिक अधिकार कानूनों का अनुपालन करता है और नस्ल, रंग, राष्ट्रीय मूल, उम्र, विकलांगता या लिंग के आधार पर भेदभाव नहीं करता है। ध्यान दें: यदि आप एक गैर-अंग्रेज़ी भाषा बोलते हैं या आपको भाषांतरण सहायता की आवश्यकता है, तो भाषा सहायता सेवाएँ और उपयुक्त सहायक उपकरण आपके लिए निःशुल्क उपलब्ध हैं। यदि आपको इन सेवाओं की आवश्यकता है या हमारी योजना के बारे में प्रश्न हैं, तो 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711) पर कॉल करें।

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**Japanese:** Elderplan, Inc. は適用される連邦公民権法を遵守し、人種、肌の色、出身国、年齢、障害、性別に基づいて差別しません。注意：英語以外の言語を話す場合や通訳のサポートが必要な場合は、言語サポートサービスと適切な補助器具を無料でご利用いただけます。これらのサービスが必要な場合、または当社のプランについてご質問がある場合は、1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711) までお電話ください。

**Korean:** Elderplan, Inc.는 해당 연방 민권법을 준수하며 인종, 피부색, 출신 국가, 연령, 장애 또는 성별을 근거로 차별하지 않습니다. 주의: 영어 이외의 언어를 구사하거나 통역 지원이 필요한 경우 언어 지원 서비스 및 적절한 보조 장치를 무료로 이용할 수 있습니다. 이러한 서비스가 필요하거나 플랜에 대해 질문이 있는 경우 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711) 로 전화하십시오.

**Polish:** Elderplan, Inc. przestrzega obowiązujących federalnych przepisów dotyczących praw obywatelskich i nie dyskryminuje ze względu na rasę, kolor skóry, pochodzenie narodowe, wiek, niepełnosprawność ani płeć. UWAGA: Jeśli mówisz w języku innym niż angielski lub potrzebujesz pomocy tłumacza, możesz bezpłatnie skorzystać z usług pomocy językowej i odpowiednich narzędzi pomocniczych. Jeśli potrzebujesz tych usług lub masz pytania dotyczące naszego planu, zadzwoń pod numer 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

**Portuguese:** A Elderplan, Inc. cumpre as leis federais de direitos civis aplicáveis e não discrimina com base em raça, cor, nacionalidade, idade, deficiência ou sexo. ATENÇÃO: Se fala uma língua diferente do inglês ou necessita de assistência de interpretação, estão disponíveis gratuitamente serviços de assistência linguística e recursos auxiliares apropriados. Se precisar destes serviços ou tiver dúvidas sobre o nosso plano, ligue para 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

**Punjabi:** Elderplan, Inc. ਲਾਗੂ ਸੰਘੀ ਨਾਗਰਿਕ ਅਧਿਕਾਰ ਕਾਨੂੰਨਾਂ ਦੀ ਪਾਲਣਾ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਨਸਲ, ਰੰਗ, ਰਾਸ਼ਟਰੀ ਮੂਲ, ਉਮਰ, ਅਪਾਹਜਤਾ, ਜਾਂ ਲਿੰਗ ਦੇ ਆਧਾਰ 'ਤੇ ਵਿਤਕਰਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਧਿਆਨ ਦਿਓ: ਜੇ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕੋਈ ਅੰਗਰੇਜ਼ੀ ਤੋਂ ਬਿਨਾਂ ਕੋਈ ਹੋਰ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਬੋਲਦੇ ਹੋ ਜਾਂ ਵਿਆਖਿਆ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ ਦੀ ਲੋੜ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ, ਤਾਂ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ ਸੇਵਾਵਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਉਚਿਤ ਸਹਾਇਕ ਸਹਾਇਤਾਵਾਂ ਤੁਹਾਡੇ ਲਈ ਮੁਫ਼ਤ ਉਪਲਬਧ ਹਨ। ਜੇ ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਇਹਨਾਂ ਸੇਵਾਵਾਂ ਦੀ ਲੋੜ ਹੈ ਜਾਂ ਸਾਡੀ ਯੋਜਨਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਤੁਹਾਡੇ ਕੋਈ ਸਵਾਲ ਹਨ, ਤਾਂ 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711) 'ਤੇ ਕਾਲ ਕਰੋ।

**Russian:** Компания Elderplan, Inc. соблюдает применимое федеральное законодательство в области гражданских прав и не допускает дискриминации по признакам расы, цвета кожи, национальной принадлежности, возраста, инвалидности или пола. ВНИМАНИЕ: Если вы не говорите на английском языке или вам нужна помощь переводчика, вам будут бесплатно предоставлены услуги языковой помощи и соответствующие вспомогательные средства. Если вам нужны такие услуги или у вас есть вопросы о нашем плане, позвоните по номеру 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

**Tagalog:** Sumusunod ang Elderplan, Inc. sa naaangkop na mga batas sa Pederal na mga karapatang sibil at hindi nandiskrimina batay sa lahi, kulay, bansang pinagmulan, edad, kapansanan, o kasarian. ATENSYON: Kung nagsasalita ka ng wikang hindi Ingles o nangangailangan ng tulong sa interpretasyon, ang mga serbisyo ng tulong sa wika at naaangkop na mga pantulong na tulong ay magagamit mo nang walang bayad. Kung kailangan mo ang mga serbisyong ito o may mga tanong tungkol sa aming plano, tawagan ang 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

## Urdu

Elderplan/HomeFirst قابل اطلاق وفاقی شہری حقوق کے قوانین کی تعمیل کرتا ہے اور نسل، رنگ، قومیت، عمر، معذوری، یا جنس کی بنیاد پر امتیازی سلوک نہیں کرتا۔ توجہ: اگر آپ غیر انگریزی زبان بولتے ہیں یا تشریح میں مدد کی ضرورت ہے تو، زبان کی مدد کی خدمات اور مناسب معاون امداد آپ کے لئے مفت دستیاب ہیں۔ اگر آپ کو ان خدمات کی ضرورت ہے یا ہمارے منصوبے کے بارے میں سوالات ہیں تو، (TTY: 711) 1-800-353-3765 پر کال کریں۔

**Vietnamese:** Elderplan, Inc. tuân thủ luật dân quyền Liên bang hiện hành và không phân biệt đối xử dựa trên chủng tộc, màu da, nguồn gốc quốc gia, độ tuổi, tình trạng khuyết tật hoặc giới tính. CHÚ Ý: Nếu quý vị nói ngôn ngữ không phải tiếng Anh hoặc cần được hỗ trợ thông dịch thì chúng tôi cung cấp dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ và các phương tiện phụ trợ phù hợp miễn phí cho quý vị. Nếu quý vị cần những dịch vụ này hoặc có thắc mắc về chương trình của chúng tôi, hãy gọi số 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711).

## Yiddish

Elderplan, Inc. פאָלגט די אָנווענדלעכע פעדעראלע ציווילע רעכט געזעצן און דיסקרימינירט נישט אויף דער באַזע פון ראַסע, קאָליר, נאַציאָנאַלער אָפּשטאַם, עלטער, דיסאַביליטי, אָדער געשלעכט. ופּמערקזאַמקייט: אויב איר רעדט אַ נישט-ענגלישע שפּראַך אָדער דאַרפֿט הילף מיט איבערזעצונג, זענען שפּראַך הילף באַדינונגען און פּאַסיק הילפּסמיטלען בנימצא פֿאַר אײַך אָן קײן אָפּצאַל. אויב איר דאַרפֿט די סערוויסעס אדער האָט פֿראַגעס וועגן אונדזער פּלאַן, רופֿט אָן 1-800-353-3765 (TTY: 711)

For more information, call us toll-free

**1-800-353-3765**

8 a.m.–8 p.m., 7 days a week.

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TTY/TDD users should call

**711**

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Visit our website

**Elderplan.org**

Elderplan is an HMO plan with Medicare and Medicaid contracts. Enrollment in Elderplan depends on contract renewal. Anyone entitled to Medicare Parts A and B may apply. Enrolled members must continue to pay their Medicare part B premium if not otherwise paid for under Medicaid.